The Centre Reporter.

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LETTER FROM ILLINOIS.

Prosperous Centre County People Who Live in Stephenson County, Ill.

Prof. A. A. Krape, of Lena, Ill., was born near Millheim and came with his father to this county in early youth. For several years he worked on his father's farm and attended school, thus qualifying himself to teach in the common schools, and gained quite a reputation as an educator. He was twice elected to the office of county superintendent and was faithful to the trust imposed in him, serving both terms with satisfaction to the public. He has since filled several official trusts and is held in high esteem by those who know his true worth; he has accumulated considerable wealth.

Dr. W. W. Krape, of Freeport, Ill., came to this county when quite young. He is a brother of A. A. Krape and worked on his father's farm near Orangeville, Ill. When the war broke out with the South he went to the front in defense of the American flag and served as a private soldier. After the close of the war he took a course in dentistry and practiced his profession with success for a number of years. He then thought of doing something that would be of more benefit to his fellowmen and organized and founded the order known as the Knights of the Globe. It is a mutual life insurance association and one of the best in the state. Dr. Krape is secretary and general manager of the order and is conducting the business of the order with success and satisfaction to all who are interested.

George F. Swartz, born at Penn Hall, Pa., son of Jacob Swartz, is another self-made, prosperous man, located in Freeport and owns and conducts a fine drug store. In addition to this he owns a fine dwelling and considerable other property; is a popular and good citizen. His mother's maiden name was Musser and is now past four score years, is quite active and makes her home with her son. Many of the older people of Centre county will remember the family.

Dr. W. P. Stiver, born near Potters Mills, now lives in Freeport. He is one of the leading physicians of that city, enjoys a lucrative practice and is successful. He has accumulated considerable property and is highly esteemed as a citizen.

P. O. Stiver, of Freeport, was born near Potters Mills, Pa., and is another of those enterprising men who came west years ago. He has served two terms as county superintendent of schools and is now one of the firm of Poffenberger and Stiver, publishers and editors of the Freeport Bulletin, published daily and weekly. He is popular in society, a good citizen and respected by his many friends in this county.

Dr. Roland Stiver, of Lena, Ill., born near Potters Mills, is another of the successful and popular physicians of Stephenson county. He is well spoken of as a citizen and is highly esteemed as such. He has accumulated considerable property, both real and personal, and is single.

Joseph Emert came to Freeport from Potters Mills, Pa., at an early period. The family formerly lived at what was then known as the Forks, now Coburn. He is wealthy, a druggist by profession, is quite prominent, upright and a good business man, worthy the confidence of his neighbors. The worst that can be said of him is that he is a little cranky about Rockey Mountain tea.

Frank Kern came to Orangeville from near Coburn, is a painter by trade, stands six feet four inches in his boots and is a bachelor, and attends strictly to his own business. When he uses a ladder his work is away beyond the reach of ordinary men. He says he enjoys his food much longer than most men.

George Eaton came to Orangeville from Pine Grove Mills, Pa. He has attached an appendix to his business and is now the head of the firm of Eaton, Snyder and Co. They bought the very large stock of general merchandise formerly owned by James Musser, are good business men, and having a leader like Mr. Eaton will be successful.

William and Jacob Musser, of Orangeville, came from Pine Grove Mills, Pa. They are brothers and carpenters, own fine homes, are number one mechanics and getting along nicely. Both have fine families. Mrs. William Musser was a Miss Wolf, of near Rebersburg, a sister of the late Hon. Simon Wolf, who died at Centre Hall, Pa. Mrs. Jacob Musser was a Miss Sample, of Pine Grove Mills, a sister of Mrs. Eaton. All are fine women, and indulgent wives and mothers.

A SUBSCRIBER.

The Odd Fellows of Pine Grove Mills will hold a festival in their hall this evening Wednesday evening, 22nd, and continuing during the balance of the

LOCAL INSTITUTE.

Program for Sessions of Jan. 17 and 18, at Boalsburg.

Teachers' local institute for district No. 2, will be held in Boalsburg, Friday and Saturday, January 17 and 18. The following program has been prepared:

Devotional exercises.
Recitation.
Discussion—Duties of a School Director.—Prof. C. L. Gramley, Rev. G. W. Leisher, I. J. Dreese, F. L. Black.
Recitation—Miss S huyler.
Discussion—How can we secure the co-operation of the parents in the public schools.—Rev. D. E. Hepler, Prof. E. G. Booze.

SATURDAY FORENOON.

Devotional Exercises.
Recitation—Miss Jennie Sweetwood.
Papers on History—Prof. J. C. Bryson, D. K Keller.
Discussion—What does the teacher expect of the parent.—D. R. Foreman, Thomas L. Moore, A. J. Tate.
Recitation—Miss Elna Krumrine.
Discussion—Borough High School Course.—A T. Ilgen, H. J. Stahr, E. G. Booze, J. C. Bryson.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Question box—Conducted by W. A. Krise, of College township.
Recitation—Miss Anna Bartholomew.
Discussion—Correlation of studies.—Miss Ada Hayman, J. B. Strohm, W. W. Keller.
Discussion—Teaching of standard literature—Miss Ella Livingstone, G. C. Hosterman, Edward Williams.
Recitation—Miss Nancy Heberling.
Discussion—How to teach primary geography.—Miss Gertrude Wieland, Miss Caroline Hoy, Miss Edna A. Clark.
Discussion—Preparation for teaching.—D. K. Mothersbaugh, J. B. Fortney, N. M. Hartswick.

Reunion of 148 th Regiment.

A reunion of the 148 th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, will be held in Bellefonte, February 19 and 20. An effort will be made to induce Capt. Harpster to attend the reunion and deliver an address.

One of the principal objects of the meeting will be to provide for the editorial supervision and publication of a Regimental History which is now in preparation.

This Regiment, which was called the Centre County Regiment, although three companies and parts of two others were from other parts of the State, has never had a Regimental Reunion, except in connection with other veteran gatherings. The object is to make this meeting special and to secure the attendance of as many survivors as possible. The Regiment had enrolled in the service nearly 1400 and it is probable that there are as many as 400 survivors. It is hoped that as many as 200 at least may be induced to attend the reunion. The officers of the Association wish that every survivor of the Regiment, who reads the notice of this gathering of his comrades, will send his address and the addresses of any surviving comrades of which he has knowledge to George M. Boal, Recording Secretary, Centre Hall, Pa., that they may receive the programme and, if arrangements can be made, excursion rate orders for transportation.

America's Superior Schools.

In spite of excessive decentralization and the lack of a regulative central authority America has, by making education a local concern, by confiding to each district the organization and control of its schools, by insisting on free public schools in the true sense of these much abused words, created a system which, in spite of its crudeness and obvious imperfections, may yet excite our envy, both as it brings education, secondary as well as primary, within the reach of all and as it is capable of infinite self development and progress, unshackled by the dead hand of ecclesiasticism and departmental routine. —London Chronicle.

Willing to Please.

Employer—I am very suspicious of young men nowadays. You can't tell how they are going to turn out. Why, in six months they know a great deal more about your business than you do yourself and want to manage it entirely.

Applicant For Situation—I can assure you, sir, that if you engage me I will devote as little time as possible to your business."

Doomed Either Way.

Doctor—Mr. Tiffington, your wife will risk her life if she attends that wedding so soon after having the grip.

Mr. Tiffington—Well, doctor, she'll die if she has to miss it.—Life.

When a man really needs a licking, nothing does him more good than to get it.—Atchison Globe.

Money is one thing everybody is after, and yet it always gets left behind.

Hands Off.

"What have you got that sign 'Hands Off' posted outside your works for?" asked the curious individual.

"Because," returned the jocular mill owner, "my men are on strike."—Philadelphia Record.

To discover whether or not there is arsenic in your wall paper take a fragment of it and put it in a solution of ammonia. If arsenic is present, the liquid will assume a bluish tint.

Rev. Aikens, of Pine Grove Mills, last week was seriously ill with pleurisy.

SKETCH OF DR. WOLF.

Fifty Years of School Work—Taught Two-Thirds of the Teachers of the County.

The first week in January of 1852 began in the Knoll School-house, then in Howard township now in Curtin, the eventful educational work of D. M. Wolf. After teaching for seven winters, and after preparing himself for college at the Aaronsburg Academy under Prof. J. Ilgen Burrell whom he also assisted, and after again teaching for two years at Jacksonville in the Fairview Seminary, reopened by Rev. W. R. Yearick, he entered the Sophomore class in Franklin and Marshall College where he graduated in 1863 with the highest honors of his class.

Having taught the Boalsburg Academy a year, he took a course in the Theological Seminary of the Reformed church located at Mercersburg, Pa. With great success, he taught in turn the Sellersville Academy, Bucks Co., the Oley Academy, Berks Co., and the Penn Hall Academy, when he was chosen adjunct professor of mathematics and languages in Franklin and Marshall College. After two years, he resigned this position to become pastor of the Bellefonte Reformed charge; but, after two years, he was recalled by the College to become professor of ancient languages.

His health failing, he resigned this arduous position in June of 1875; and, in the following July, he became principal of the Penn Hall and Spring Mills Academy. Here he was teaching on the very day that he was unexpectedly chosen Superintendent of Public Schools of Centre county. This office he filled with great ability and success, and after nine years' service, against the wishes of his many friends, he voluntarily retired.

After teaching one year in the Bellefonte High School, he again became principal of the Spring Mills Academy where he is still teaching.

Though he has taught public schools only about twenty-five years, yet his work as a teacher and an educator has covered a period of more than fifty years. It is a singular fact that even before he taught public school, that while he was preparing for college, that while he was in college and seminary, and that while he served as pastor, he was faithfully all the while teaching private pupils.

About two-thirds of the present teachers of Centre county have been directly or indirectly under his instruction. It is surprising what a large proportion of his students are college graduates and are honoring eminent positions in their professions. His teaching has truly been an inward molding power, not only strengthening the intellect, but enlarging the heart and beautifying character. He has also taught in the Sunday school from his youth and for a number of years has been the superintendent of two schools. About ten years ago, F. & M. College honored him with the title of Doctor of Divinity.

His parental home had been near Hublersburg, but during his winter vacation of 1857, while attending school at Aaronsburg, he paid a visit to the family of Mr. Jas. Evans, and adopted that home as his home.

May all students and friends of the Penn Hall and Spring Mills Academy attend the first reunion to be held next summer, and celebrate the Golden Jubilee of Dr. D. M. Wolf.

W. P. H.

Trial List for January Court.

FIRST WEEK

The Regal Man'f'g Co. vs. Rebecca Ratowskey et al.
John Murray vs. Edward Sellers.
Samuel H. Runkle vs. Christian and Samuel Durst.
M. J. D. Hubler vs. James C. Condo.
Perry McCaleb vs. John L. Heckman, executor.
Laura E Wright vs. J. H. Houseman, adm'r.

SECOND WEEK.

Mary S. Thomas vs. Thos. and Burdine Butler.
Henry J. Rothrock vs. Thomas Rothrock.
Adam Hoy's Executor vs. Ger. Amer. Ins. Co.
Robert Kinkead vs. Rosa L. Pierce.
Lehigh Valley Coal Co. vs. Jacob Folmer, adm'r.
Lilly Fleck vs. Valentine Fleck.
W. C. Farner et al, trustee, vs. Joseph Alters et al, trustee.
N. J. and Wm. R. McCloskey vs Curtin Township.
Kulp & Co., incorporated, vs. Nathan Haugh.
J. L. Kreamer vs. Wm. Vonada et al.
J. H. Bathurst vs. Harry Curtin et al.
Richard J. Gibbs vs. A. A. Brungart et al.
Emeline Hough vs. Monroe E. Kulp & Co. et al.
Emeline Hough vs. Monroe E. Kulp & Co et al.
Use of Josephine Williams, Ex'r, vs. The Nat. Ins. Co.
Elmer W. Moore, receiver, vs. J. H Reifsnyder.
Elmer W. Moore, receiver, vs. Jessie B. Piper.
Elmer W. Moore, receiver, vs. J. B. Ard and P. F. Bottorf.
Elmer W. Moore, receiver, vs. Jacob Keller.
Samuel Ewing vs. Alf. and Abe Baum.
Nathan Hough vs. Monroe H. Kulp & Co.
Minerva B. Snyder vs. Penn's Railroad Co.
G. J. Confer vs. Penn's Railroad Co.
M. C. Gephart vs. Bellefonte Central Railroad.
Adriance Platt & Co. vs. Homer B Carr.

The Photographer.

Photographer Smith will be at his Centre Hall gallery Friday, January 10 to meet all waiting first-class work done in his line.

OPENING FOR NEW INDUSTRY.

A Mighty Ridge of the Finest Quality of Stone Awaiting Capital.

Immediately south of Centre Hall, on the Lewisburg and Tyrone railroad on the farm of Samuel Durst is located a ridge of the finest quality of lime stone to be had in the state. It is yet undeveloped, and is anxiously awaiting capital to throw off the thin covering of earth, and permit it to yield its profits.

The territory covered by the ridge could be leased for a trifle from Mr. Durst. There is a golden opportunity here for men of moderate means or a corporation to work with a large capital. There could be sold annually a large quantity of lime right from the kilns to land owners who are every day becoming more impressed that lime is the one element lacking in Penns Valley soil to make it a most productive scope of country. These customers alone would warrant an investment of considerable capital. But trade would not need to stop in the local field.

A field is open for a profitable business in lime and lime stone at Centre Hall; who will venture.

Jury List.

The following jurors have been drawn for the coming January term of court, beginning Monday, January 27, and continuing two weeks:

GRAND JURORS FIRST WEEK.

J. D. Hicks, farmer, Half Moon.
Harry Glenn, farmer, College.
Daniel Glossner, constable, Liberty.
Edward Richards, jeweler, Bellefonte.
David Coplin, gentleman, Philipsburg.
Henry Gingerich, farmer, Harris.
R. Clarence Daley, teacher, Curtin.
J. J. Vonada, farmer, Marion.
George W. Homan, farmer, Ferguson.
James W. Neese, farmer, Walker.
Jackson Harman, gentleman, Philipsburg.
G P. Heverly, laborer, Boggs.
D. D. Goodyear, mine boss, Rush.
James Heath, farmer, Rush.
William P. Powell, farmer, Boggs.
W. A. Baumgardner, lumberman, Harris.
Wilson T. Heaton, laborer, Milesburg.
William Hess, merchant, Philipsburg.
H. Q. Beirly, stonemason, Snow Shoe.
William Diehl, laborer, Howard Boro.
M. D. Keller, coal operator, Snow Shoe.
Andrew Geiser, shoemaker, Miles.
G. W. Haworth, merchant, Philipsburg.
A. W. Harper, merchant, Rush.

TRAVERSE JURORS FIRST WEEK.

Samuel Shirk, laborer, Spring.
S. M. Brown, laborer, Gregg.
J. T. Uzzle, laborer, Snow Shoe.
John Henderson, farmer, Benner.
Daniel Delaney, laborer, Marion.
Frank Royer, farmer, Potter.
H. P. Weaver, farmer, Gregg.
Perry Steele, stone mason, Spring.
George R. Williams, farmer, Worth.
Wm McClenahan, laborer, Centre Hall.
Jesse Long, farmer, Gregg.
J. O. Harpster, teacher, Worth.
Samuel Bowers, laborer, Howard Twp.
Michael Miller, gentleman, Miles.
Jonas Bible, farmer, Potter.
W. H. Yarnell, farmer, Boggs.
H. D. Shivery, farmer, Benner.
W. H. Neff, undertaker, Howard Boro.
William Treasler, farmer, Benner.
John Houser, farmer, Benner.
Thos. Donachy, carpenter, Bellefonte.
W. S. Mayes, laborer, Millheim.
Philip Wertz, farmer, College.
William Lytle, farmer, Potter.
John Neff, clerk, Boggs.
Harry McCauley, laborer, Walker.
James McCool, laborer, Ferguson.
Wilson Stiver, farmer, Huston.
E. E. Ardery, letter carrier, Bellefonte.
Nathan Pletcher, mechanic, Howard.
N. T. Dubbs, laborer, Rush.
R. H. Henderson, farmer, Benner.
John M. Stover, farmer, Haines.
W E Heberling, teacher, Ferguson.
Edward Bullock, laborer, Snow Shoe.
Martin Dreibelbis, farmer, Ferguson.
J. Toner, Lucas, merchant, Snow Shoe.
George P. Thomas, farmer, Benner.
Frank McCoy, iron m'f'r, Bellefonte.
Geo W. Casher, laborer, Snow Shoe.
Clayton Etters, miller, College.
J. C. Cowder, farmer, Philipsburg.
W. E. Keen, laborer, Millheim.
C. H. Bates, farmer, Burnside.
Morris A. Burkholder, laborer, Potter.
Jas. Russell, bookkeeper, Philipsburg.
J. W. Dale, farmer, Benner.
F. M. Emerick, teacher Miles.

TRAVERSE JURORS—SECOND WEEK.

Luther Kreamer, gentleman Haines.
S. H. Diehl, coachmaker, Bellefonte.
Thos. McCausland, clerk, Philipsburg.
Sam'l Campbell, forgeman, Milesburg.
Martin Brower, laborer, Union.
William H. Swartz, farmer, Spring.
Nicholas Confer, farmer, Howard Twp.
A. B. Dougherty, farmer, Burnside.
Peter Smith, upholsterer, Bellefonte.
H. W. Rote, carpenter, Gregg.
Aaron Weaver, gentleman, Haines.
M. L. Emerick, blacksmith, Centre Hall.
Thomas Lonce, laborer, Howard Boro.
Samuel Wilson, laborer, Philipsburg.
W. E. Fisher, farmer, Boggs.
H. K. Grant, gentleman Philipsburg.
W. Scott Walter, painter, Boggs.
George Lucas, gentleman, Philipsburg.
Daniel Dorman, laborer, Walker.
Charles Miller, laborer, Rush.
D. C. Walker, nurseryman, Spring.
W. C. Cassidy, printer, Bellefonte.
Amos Tyson, farmer, Ferguson.
Adam Heckman, farmer, Gregg.
Charles Bowes, laborer, Liberty.
Abednego Williams, farmer, Huston.
D. A. Paul, liveryman, Philipsburg.
H. P. Musser, laborer, Potter.
David Rimmey, dairyman, Spring
R. Lloyd Smith, farmer, Potter.
J. Clyde Brooks, laborer, Spring.
C. V. Woodward, teacher, Howard Boro.
Jeremiah A. Hoy, farmer, Walker.
Harry Harsock, teacher, Spring.
David Forcey, druggist, Philipsburg.
Chas. Royer, teacher, Gregg.
Isaac Dawson, gentleman, Spring.
Geo. Frankenberger, farmer, Penn.
F. R. Jones, plasterer, Worth.
J. C. Holmes, merchant, State College.

All kinds of horse blankets, from 65 cents up, at Boozers, Centre Hall.

DEATHS.

MRS. CHARLES MILLER.

Mrs. Charles Miller died at her home in Spring Mills on Saturday evening, last, in the 75th year of her age, and was interred in the Spring Mills cemetery on the following Tuesday morning, Rev. Haven, Dr. Wolf, Rev. Fenchtermacher and Dr. Schuyler, officiating.

No death in that community has occasioned more profound sorrow and regret than that of Mrs. Miller, a loving wife, kind and indulgent mother, and all seasons were summer to her when called upon to aid and comfort the weary and unfortunate. Mrs. Miller was a member of the Methodist church from her childhood, and as long as she was able, took an active part in church work, and was a beloved and conscientious christian lady.

Mrs. Miller was a great sufferer for quite a number of years. Her ailment was beyond the power and aid of medical skill to alleviate, and for the past five months had been confined to her bed the greater part of the time, yet she bore all her suffering with christian fortitude and patience.

She is survived by her husband, Charles Miller, and the following children: A. E. Miller, Middleburg; M. N. Miller, Potters Mills; H. B. Miller, and Mrs. C. C. Cummings, Spring Mills, and Mrs. W. T. Steely, Sunbury.

MRS. MARY KEICHLINE.

Mary, wife of George W. Keichline, of Pine Grove Mills, died at her home in that place, Thursday morning of last week after an illness that extended over many months. Death was due to cancer. About three years ago she was operated on at the University of Pennsylvania and a tumor removed. She returned home apparently cured. More than a year ago other troubles appeared, and she was again taken to the hospital, but the surgeons refused to operate, because cancer was declared to have made its appearance.

Deceased, whose maiden name was Meyer, was born near Boalsburg sixty years ago last October. She was a member of the Reformed church since childhood and for many years led the choir in her church. She was married to George W. Keichline, who survives her with the following children: Mrs. John Driblebiss, of State College, and Gertie, Sadie and Maggie at home.

She also leaves the following brothers and sisters: County Commissioner P. H. Meyer, of Boalsburg; Henry, of Bowling Green, Va; Jacob, of Linden Hall; Mrs. Wm. Stem, of Pleasant Gap; Mrs. Austin Dale, of Oak Hall; Mrs. Amanda Walker, of Boalsburg.

JAMES FLOYD PALMER.

One of the most highly respected citizens of Potters Mills, James Floyd Palmer, died at the home of his son F. F. Palmer, December 20th. He had reached the age of seventy-two years, two months and eleven days, when he died of diabetes after suffering for one year.

The deceased was a resident of Potters Mills for many years, and by occupation was a weaver. He was a kind neighbor and a noble worker in the M. E. church to which organization he belonged for fifty years. The deceased leaves a widow and five children: F. F. Palmer, Thomas E. Palmer and Miss Blanche E. Palmer, Potters Mills, R. C. Palmer, of Oak Hall, and D. E. Palmer, an attorney-at-law, Topeka, Kas. Four daughters and two sons are dead.

MRS. MARY E. RANKIN.

Mrs. Mary E. Rankin, the widow of the late Joseph Rankin, died at her home in Bellefonte Thursday morning of last week of infirmities incident to old age. On the 16th of last September she fell and broke her hip and the shock of this accident from which she never fully recovered, hastened her death.

Deceased was born near Potters Mills seventy-seven years ago the twenty-third of last October. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Blair. Fifty years ago she was married to Joseph Rankin. She was the mother of W. B. Rankin and Miss Carrie Rankin of Bellefonte.

ANNA BOWER.

Anna, the eight year old daughter and only child, of John and Sadie Bower, of Coburn, departed this life on Tuesday morning. She was first suffering from an attack of measles and later from membraneous croup which terminated fatally on the above mentioned morning. All the efforts known to medical skill were used to save her life, by the attending physicians, Drs. Frank and Musser, but all to no avail. The funeral took place this, Thursday, morning; interment at Aaronsburg.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Ira Barger has moved from Madisonburg to Yeagertown.

Governor Shaw will assume charge of the Treasury department, January 5.

Friday morning of last week, Mrs. Richard Gates, of Baileyville, fell and broke her leg.

The firm of Potter & Hoy, hardware merchants in Bellefonte, banqueted their employees. Thirty plates were laid.

J. S. Auman, proprietor of the Centre Hall flouring mills, who was sick the latter part of last week, is able to attend to business again.

J. B. Kreamer, of Rebersburg, was in town last week. Mr. Kreamer delights to come to Centre Hall to chat with his many acquaintances.

Peter Smith purchased the Beaver property at Centre Hill and is in want of a blacksmith to rent the shop and conduct blacksmithing at Centre Hill.

George Harpster, formerly of this place, but who for some years has been located at Hublersburg, has changed his location to Markleton, Somerset county.

Mrs. Mary Zeigler, who is making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Harry Decker, near Centre Hill, has been confined to bed for some time with cancer and rheumatism.

Rev. David Solly and wife, of Richmond, Va., stopped with the former's father in Philadelphia the other week, expecting to meet Mrs. J. B. Kreamer, the latter's mother, at that place.

Huntingdon has had sixteen fires within one week. The offer of $1000 for the apprehension of the fire bugs has brought no results. Fire insurance companies refuse all new risks and are threatening to cancel old policies.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Breon, Friday evening of last week, entertained a sled load of school children from this place. The Breons have been in the habit of doing that good deed for some years, which makes the youngsters look very pleasant at them when good sleighing first appears.

The State College Times says: Joe Ruble, '01, arrived home Monday the 23 rd from the Carnegie plants at Pittsburg for a holiday vacation with his mother, Mrs. W. L. Ruble. Joe has had to work hard, but he is looking well, and being in the iron industry, cannot be far from the road to success.

Yeager & Davis have leased the room in the Bush Arcade two doors below their present storeroom and two doors above the postoffice and will remove there about the first of February with a much larger line of fine shoes, etc., as their present quarters have already grown too small for their large business.

Miss Edna Krumrine, of Tuscseyville, who has been ill from the effects of the measles for the past few weeks, is recovering and expects to resume teaching the primary school at Potters Mills in a short time. Miss Krumrine is a graduate of the Lock Haven Normal School, and is a pronounced success in the school room.

Amos Koch, Sr., of Buffalo Run, was in town last week Mr. Koch, who near thirty years ago lived east of Centre Hall, is well known to the older residents of this place. Although he has reached the advanced age of seventy-seven years is very well preserved, physically and mentally. While here he stopped with his brother, George Koch.

Rev. H. C. Baskerville, who eight years ago was pastor of the Sinking Creek Presbyterian charge, has just been installed pastor of the church at Spearfish Valley, South Dakota. The pastor and his family reside in Spearfish. Rev. Baskerville's present charge is a new one. The correspondent to the Presbyterian, in reporting the installation, speaks kindly of the pastor and family.

Dr. McCluney Radcliffe, of Philadelphia, well known in Centre Hall and Central Pennsylvania as an eye and ear specialist, having been connected with the Wills Eye and Ear Hospital, was appointed a Grand Steward by the Right Worshipful Master of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania. Wilson I. Fleming, of Bellefonte, was reappointed deputy for the counties of Centre and Clearfield.

S. V. Jordan, of McConnell, Ill., writes that they are having a fine winter, although the mercury was as low as twenty degrees below zero. There has been little snow. A mild winter will be welcomed by all farmers, as feed is very scarce, and a severe winter is always hard on stock. Hay is selling at from $12 to $15 per ton, corn 60 cents, oats 44 cents, rye 52 cents, barley 55 cents, potatoes from 90 cents to $1.00.

ANOTHER BIG RAILROAD DEAL

Pennsylvania Said to Have Gotten West Virginia Central.

THE PRICE PAID IS $17,000,000.

Thus the Goulds Would Be Shut From Eastern Outlet—Rivals Have Been Bidding—President Cassatt Is Stated to Have Clinched Victory By Offering $7,000,000 More Than His Competitors.

Parkersburg, W. Va. (Special.)—The West Virginia Central and Pittsburg Railway has been sold to Pennsylvania Railroad interests for $17,000,000. It was to have been part of Wabash's through line to the seaboard.

The Pennsylvania Railroad now has every road and every coal field in this State.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The Goulds have lost their grip on their contemplated through route from the Pacific to the Atlantic by a blow administered by Senator Stephen D. Elkins and his father-in-law, ex-Senator Henry G. Davis. Monday all negotiations were clinched by the Pennsylvania system for the purchase of the West Virginia Central for $17,000,000.

The Elkins-Davis combine seemed hand in glove with the Goulds, who believed they had a first mortgage on the sale of the road. It was the Gould scheme to put a trunk line through West Virginia by way of the Little Kanawha route from tidewater to the Great Lakes, combining in Ohio with the Wabash system. The fact that the Elkins-Davis combination bought 50,000 acres of Pittsburg coal land in the counties of the Little Kanawha Valley lent color to reports of its alliance with the Little Kanawha Company and the interests behind it in the background. It was generally understood that the Goulds relied upon Messrs. Elkins and Davis for the consummation of their plans.

But the Pennsylvania, through President A. J. Cassatt, outwitted the New York magnates and offered for the West Virginia Central $7,000,000 more than the Goulds had arranged to pay. Mr. Elkins jumped at the opportunity. Thus the Pennsylvania has blocked the Goulds at a time when they most expected success in their outlet to the seaboard.

The West Virginia Central is one of the greatest coal roads, considered from the tonnage point of view, in the country. Along its main line from Cumberland to Keyser, Elkins and its branches the Davis-Elkins combination owns and operates 15,000 acres of coal lands.

BURNED WITH RED-HOT IRON.

A Crazy Half Breed Indian Mutilates His Wife in a Horrible Manner.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. (Special.)—Joseph Buzenaw, a half-breed Indian, went on a rampage at Garden River, a Canadian village, about one mile from here, and as a result his wife will die. Buzenaw became crazy drunk, and, after terrorizing the inhabitants of the village, went to his home, where he gave his wife a brutal pounding and burned one side of her face with a red-hot iron.

The woman crawled out of the house on her hands and knees, and Buzenaw followed her to the yard, where he attempted to chop her head off with an axe.

The woman's sister-in-law and others interfered, but the crazy man struck his wife a glancing blow with the axe, stunning her. He was taken to the jail and locked up, but broke down the door. Then he returned to the home and made an attempt to cut his wife's throat with a knife. Buzenaw finally escaped across the river to Sugar Island, in United States territory. An armed party is after him.

THREE TRAINS IN A WRECK.

Mail Collided With Freight and Another Freight Crashed Into Them.

Johnstown, Pa., (Special).—Because of a wrong signal at Nineveh tower, a fast east-bound Pennsylvania mail and express train ran into a slow freight ahead five miles west of this city, and a few minutes later a west-bound freight crashed into the wreck, causing the death of four persons and the serious injury of at least five others.

The wreck occurred about 10 P. M. The passenger train got a "clear block" at the tower, and, running ahead at full speed, crashed into the rear of the extra freight, wrecking the engine and two passenger cars and the cab and two cars of the freight. The west-bound freight almost immediately piled into the debris, the engine and 10 cars tumbling into the river.

The injured, it is thought, will recover. The wreck occurred on a sharp curve and the engineer of the mail train could not stop after coming in sight of the freight ahead, while the west-bound freight ran in before a flagman could be sent forward.

Beaten Till He Was Insane.

Chicago, (Special).—A coroner's jury listened to evidence showing that a somewhat remarkable series of occurrences led to the death of Frank J. Schell here. The jury returned a report showing that Schell had been held up by two highwaymen and beaten so severely that he was rendered temporarily insane. While in this condition he walked some distance to the river and jumped or fell in. Schell and his brother recently came into possession of a $100,000 estate. The footpads stole his overcoat, which is said to have contained valuable papers pertaining to the estate.

Ex-Premier of Hawaii Weds.

San Francisco, (Special).—Samuel Parker, formerly Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs of Hawaii, has been married to Mrs. Abigail Campbell, of San Jose, widow of the millionaire planter, James Campbell, the engagement of whose daughter Abbie to Prince Kawananakoa was recently announced. The wedding was private, the ceremony being performed at the Occidental Hotel by Superior Court Judge Hubbard. The marriage was followed by a dinner.

SUMMARY OF THE LATEST NEWS.

Domestic.

A lien on the Detroit and Toledo Shore Line Electric Road for $258,987.19 was filed in the register of deeds office in Detroit by William B. Strang, a New York contractor.

Mrs. Lentz of Pittsburg, the mother of Frank Lentz, the American wheelman, who was killed by Turkish officials, has been paid $7,500 damages.

Upon the recommendation of the Cuban Minister of Justice, Governor Wood pardoned 27 prisoners, now confined in various jails on the island.

The officers of the French bark Connetable de Richemont applied to the officials at Oakland, Cal., for protection against the mutinous crew.

Actor Melbourne McDowell signed a statement in Kansas City saying that he was drugged at the time he was married in Baltimore.

The St. Paul Trust Company, capital $200,000, has voted to go into liquidation. The chief cause is a recent supreme court decision making the trust company liable for a judgment for $100,000 in the estate of C. D. Strong, which had been in charge of the company.

The circuit court of Toledo, Ohio, affirmed a decision of lower courts giving Mrs. Adelaide Smith, of Fremont, Ohio, judgment of $5,400 against the estate of the late President Hayes. Mrs. Smith was bitten by a dog that belonged to Mr. Hayes.

Four robbers entered the town of St. Joseph, Mo., and blew up the vault of the Bank of Camden Point with dynamite. The explosion aroused the citizens and a pitched battle with the robbers ensued, the robbers getting away.

The Chicago Northwestern University proposes to abandon the woman's medical department, and James H. Raymond, a trustee of the university, declares that it is impossible to make a doctor of a woman.

The trials of the cases growing out of the postoffice emebzzlements in Cuba are scheduled to begin in Havana today. The attorneys for Rathbone will ask for a suspension of trial.

Three men were scalded to death as the result of an explosion at the South Penn Oil Company's pumping station, in Doddridge county, West Virginia.

A run was started on the Dime Savings and Banking Company in Cleveland, and the bank officials took advantage of the 60 days' notice rule.

Bernard Michael, aged 67 years, was found in his office, in St. Paul, Minn., with his throat cut. He was in the real estate business and wealthy.

John G. Thomas, cashier of the Wells-Fargo Express Company in Cincinnati, has been missing since Monday. His accounts are all straight.

Experiments are being made at Memphis Medical College with an embalming fluid said to be better than that used by the Egyptians.

President Lynn, of the levy court, put an end to all difficulties by sending his resignation to Governor Hunn, of Delaware.

Governor Hunt, in his message to the Porto Rico legislature, suggests the repeal of the old law under which Iglesias, the representative of the American Federation of Labor, was sentenced to imprisonment, as a law unworthy the American government.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company has given notice that it has redeemed all the preferred stock, and that it would require holders of 4 per cent. convertible certificates to exchange them for common stock.

There is some talk in New York as to whether Captain Mahan will be called to account for violating the naval regulations in making public comment on the decision of the Schley court of inquiry.

Foreign.

The Chinese Emperor and Dowager Empress were delighted with their first experience in railroad travel on their way back to Pekin. The legation military guards will be kept within quarters today, upon the occasion of the court's re-entry into the Imperial City, to prevent the possibility of a collision between the Chinese and the foreign troops.

The shooting of a student named Held by a German officer in a duel has again aroused the Emperor against dueling. It appears that the military court of honor selected pistols because the officer was the best shot in his regiment, and the students' societies had proposed sabers.

General Riera and other revolutionists are reported to have landed on Venezuelan soil from the steamer Libertador, and it is reported that the revolutionists' war vessel has captured the Venezuelan gunboat Zumbador, a renovated tug.

The German officials have handed President Castro of Venezuela a note, in which Germany's claims against Venezuela are clearly defined and in which a time limit is set for a reply.

Reports of the release of Miss Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, continue unconfirmed. The brigands are said to be hiding in Turkish territory.

John Murray, who recently surrendered to the police in Ireland, is to be brought to Jefferson, Ohio, to answer the charge of wife murder.

Twenty thousand men are on strike in Barcelona, and large forces of troops have been concentrated in and about the city to prevent trouble.

The Count de Turenne, of the French diplomatic service, has suggested a basis for the settlement of the South African war.

Baron Charles C. Boilleau, a French nobleman, committed suicide in a railroad carriage near London.

The Dowager Empress of China is again showing anti-foreign tendencies. General Yung Lu is organizing two anti-foreign army corps. The Dowager Empress and Yung Lu fear the foreign officials will try to entrap them upon their arrival in Pekin.

A philanthropist in London has placed $1,000,000 at the disposal of King Edward for a sanitarium for consumtives.

Syrian officials were sharply rebuked by the Ottoman government for arresting naturalized American citizens.

Financial.

The deposits of Erie Telephone stock under the reorganization plan are very large.

The New York Subtreasury statement shows the banks have gained $1,406,000 since December 27.

Mr. Post, of National Sugar, denies the rumor that his company has acquired sugar plantations in Cuba.

Application has been made to the New York Stock Exchange to list $3,290,000 additional capital stock of the Rutland Railroad Company.

MR. CARNEGIE'S SPLENDID GIFT

Formal Incorporation of the Institution in Washington.

NO CONGRESSIONAL INTERFERENCE.

Mr. Carnegie Will Not Give the Ten Millions to the Government, as Was Originally Intended, But to a Corporation Selected by Himself, Which Met and Adopted Articles of Incorporation.

Washington, D. C., (Special).—The first step toward accepting Mr. Andrew Carnegie's offer of $10,000,000 to the United States Government as an endowment fund for the promotion of higher education was taken here, when articles were filed with the Recorder of Deeds of the District of Columbia for the Carnegie Institution.

The incorporators are:

John Hay, Secretary of State.

Edward D. White, Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

Daniel Coit Gilman, late President of the Johns Hopkins University.

Charles D. Walcott, superintendent of the Geological Survey.

John S. Billings, ex-Surgeon-General of the Navy.

Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor.

The articles fix the name and title of the institution as the "Carnegie Institution" and show that it is organized "for a perpetual term." Its objects are "the promotion of study and research, the power to acquire, hold and convey real estate and other property, and to establish general and special funds; to assist investigations in science, literature or art; to co-operate with governments, universities, colleges, technical schools, learned societies and individuals; to appoint committees of experts to direct special lines of research, publish and distribute documents, conduct lectures and hold meetings, acquire and maintain a library, and in general to do and perform all things necessary to promote the objects of said institution."

The affairs, funds and property of the corporation will be in general charge of a board of trustees, to consist during the first year of 27, and thereafter not to exceed 30 members, except by a three-quarter vote of the board.

The filing of the papers followed a meeting in the offce of Secretary Hay, which was attended by all of the incorporators and Mr. Baker. It is assumed that from the legal action thus taken, Mr. Carnegie has removed the cause of the objection raised to the securities in which the $10,000,000 endowment was to be made on December 10, it being said that United States Steel Corporation bonds were the collateral. It was said that such securities in the possession of the United States, the income of which was used for the promotion of education, might seriously embarrass the Department of Justice in the event of legal action being taken against combinations or trusts. So Mr. Carnegie was informed their acceptance was impossible.

A few days later, Mr. Carnegie appeared at the White House and dined with the President, after which it was announced Mr. Carnegie had decided to remove all grounds for objection. About the same time a sale of Steel Corporation securities amounting to about $11,000,000 was reported in New York, and announced Mr. Carnegie had decided to this, in conection with Mr. Carnegie's proposed donor was the seller. Whether the new offer is in cash or some undisputed bonds was not stated.

FIGHT WITH BANK BURGLARS.

Building Surrounded by Armed Men, But Three Robbers Escape.

Camden Point, Mo. (Special.)—Four masked robbers entered the Bank of Camden Point and wrecked the vault with dynamite.

A. P. Sarrhurst, assistant cashier of the bank, and H. F. Rixey, a local merchant, returning from a country dance, passed the bank just as the explosion occurred. Hastily arming themselves with shotguns and summoning a small posse, they surrounded the bank and opened fire on the robbers.

After a fusilade lasting several minutes, in which one of the robbers was shot in the shoulder, the bandits retreated from the bank, ran to the railroad tracks and escaped on a hand car. They secured no booty. Several armed posses are searching for the robbers.

A FLUID TO PETRIFY THE DEAD.

A Modern Memphian Says He Can Save Bodies Indefinitely.

Memphis, Tenn. (Special.)—The Memphis Medical College has for several weeks been experimenting with an embalming fluid declared by the inventor to be superior to the embalming preparation used by the Egyptians.

The infusion, it is said, petrifies the body, and will preserve the subject for all time. The shriveling that was inseparable from the Egyptian embalming is absent.

The principal experiment up to this time has been upon the body of a dog, which was treated 39 days ago. It appears as natural as in life. It is rigid, but in a natural pose. There is no trace of odor about it, nor is there any visible symptom of decay.

Protocol Not Yet Signed.

Santiago de Chili, (By Cable).—Argentina has not yet officially ratified the protocol signed by Senor Yanes, the Chilian minister of foreign affairs, and Senor Portela, the Argentina minister to Chili, and has asked the Chilian government for further explanations.

A Double Tragedy.

Grafton, W. Va., (Special).—News reached here that Samuel Carothers, who came here, accompanied by his 3-year-old girl, from Whitman, Nebraska, to visit his mother, 10 miles north of this place, had, shortly after arriving at his destination, deliberately shot and killed his little girl and then blown his own brains out. His wife is in a hospital in South Dakota. It is supposed that domestic trouble was the cause of the tragedy.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS.

Nation of Coffee Drinkers.

The coffee importations of the United States will in the calendar year 1901 be the largest in the history of the country's import trade.

Eleven months' figures of the Treasury bureau of statistics show that these importations amounted to 967,969,585 pounds, against 707,496,152 in the corresponding months of 1900, 817,223,877 in the corresponding months of 1899, 744,910,179 in the corresponding months of 1898, 726,119,996 in the same months of 1897 and 567,929,817 in the 11 months of 1896.

These figures indicate not only that the coffee importations of 1901 will be larger than those of any preceding year, but that they will for the first time exceed 1,000,000,000 pounds. The value of these imports will reach about $70,000,000. While the quantity imported will exceed by more than 200,000,000 pounds that of any preceding year, the cost will be less than the average during the years from 1890 to 1897, when the cost per pound was materially higher than at present.

Brazil furnishes, of course, by far the largest proportion of the coffee importations of the United States. In the 11 months ended with November these imports amounted to 762,148,514 pounds, while the next quantity came from other South American countries, 91,297,714 pounds; Central America, 64,554,400; Mexico, 21,594,432.

In Need of More Room.

The first Cabinet meeting of the new year was devoted to the discussion of minor subjects relative to the various departments among them the overcrowded condition of some of the buildings.

Lack of space in the Navy and War Departments is especially evident and there was some discussion of the necessity for a new building. It was suggested that if the Department of Justice and State Department could be accommodated in a single building, thus leaving the present State, War and Navy Building for the use of the latter two departments, the situation would be greatly relieved. No conclusion, however, was reached.

Secretary Gage talked for some time about the hardships imposed upon foreigners deported under the immigration laws. He instanced the case of a wife and child now being held in New York because afflicted with a contagious disease of the eyes. They are Assyrians and the husband is now in this country. The case has excited sympathy in New York, but under the law the mother and child must be deported.

Gage Leaves January 25.

Ex-Governor Leslie M. Shaw, of Iowa, was in conference with Secretary Gage over affairs of the Treasury Department, and then left with the Secretary for the White House.

Mr. Shaw said he will take charge of the Treasury Department January 25. He said he has not contemplated any changes in the official force here, and did not know that he would have any occasion to consider such changes.

Ex-Governor Shaw and Secretary Gage remained with the President about half an hour. Mr. Shaw later lunched with the President.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury H. A. Taylor will retain his position. This was agreed upon at a consultation between the President and members of the Wisconsin delegation.

Yield of Gold and Silver.

The preliminary estimate of Director of the Mint Roberts on the production of gold and silver in the United States during the calendar year 1901 indicates only a slight gain over the production of the preceding year. The yield of Alaska fell off by about $1,000,000. Colorado made a slight gain in gold and the other producers were nearly stationary.

The yield of silver exceeded that of the previous year by about 2,000,000 fine ounces.

The total number of ounces of fine gold produced is shown to have been 3,880,578 of the value of $80,318,800. The number of fine ounces of silver produced was 59,653,788, having a commercial value of $35,792,200. The coinage value of the silver is aproximately $77,000,000.

Clemency for Soldiers.

The army regulations have been amended so as to provide that the power to pardon or mitigate punishment imposed by a court-martial vested in the authority which confirms the proceedings, or the coresponding authority under whose jurisdiction the sentence is being executed, extends only to the unexecuted portions of a sentence.

An aplication for clemency in the case of a prisoner sentenced to confinement in a penitentiary must be forwarded to the Secretary of War for the action of the President. General Miles says that the power to commute sentences imposed by military tribunals, not being vested in military commanders, can only be exercised by the President.

At the King's Coronation.

It is understood that a way may be found by which two naval officers of high rank will take part in the coronation ceremonies of King Edward VII.

The present indications are that the President will select a civilian representative and also one officer of the army and one officer of the navy to accompany this civilian. Quite apart from this, the navy will be represented by a squadron in English waters, with a rear-admiral in command. The effect of this arrangement will be to place two naval officers of high rank in service in connection with the coronation.

His Visit to Charleston.

Arrangements are being made for the President's trip to the Charleston, S. C., Exposition in February. The President probably will be accompanied by most of the members of the Cabinet and some of the Cabinet ladies. They will leave here probably on February 10 arriving in Charleston the following day.

Capital News in General.

Rear Admiral Schley called at the White House by appointment and spent nearly an hour in conference with the President. The Admiral refused to discuss the conversation, saying that it was of a personal character. The President also declined to intimate the nature of the conference.

The Pacific Coast members of Congress have agreed upon a Chinese exclusion bill. It is drawn so as to absolutely prevent Chinese from coming to this country, save officials and those who already are here.

GENERAL BELL'S PEACE METHODS

Rigorous Warfare Until Insurrection Is Subdued.

CONDITIONS ARE UNSATISFACTORY.

The Arrests of Members of the Rich Lopez Family and of Members of Religious Corporations Known to Be Instigators of Insurrections Are Having a Good Effect—Driving Filipinos in All Directions.

Manlia, (By Cable).—Gen. J. Franklin Bell is codnucting a vigorous campaign in Batangas province. Every avialable soldier is in the field. The columns under the command of Colonels Wint and Daugherty are doing excellent work, and driving the Filipinos in all directions. A number of the latter are fleeing to Tayabas province, where the native constabulary are rendering valuable assistance in capturing men and rifles.

The advocates of peace at Manila deprecate the stern measures employed by General Bell. In reply, General Bell says that these peace advocates have had numerous opportunities to use their influence, as they have been given passes through the American lines almost for the asking, and that it has been afterward proved that they often only went through the lines for the purpose of assisting the insurrection. General Bell says that the best peace methods now is a rigorous warfare until the insurrection is completely subdued.

The arrest of members of the wealthy Lopez family and the confiscation of their steamers and rice, as well as the arrest of three members of the religious corporations who were known to be instigators of the insurrection, has had an excellent effect upon the natives.

Conditions in the Island of Samar are still unsatisfactory, owing to the difficulty of finding the insurgents. Captain Schoeffel, of the Ninth Infantry, who was wounded in a severe hand-to-hand fight last month at Dapdap, Samar Island, between 18 men of Company E. of his regiment, and a large force of bolomen, has practically recovered from the effects of his wound. In an official report of the encounter in which Captain Schoeffel was hurt, it is said that Schoeffel killed three men before he received his wound, and that the remnants of the detachment of 18 men with him were saved by his personal courage and daring.

TO PRODUCE ITS OWN COAL.

Steel Corporation Plants Consume Over 3,500,000 Tons a Year.

Pittsburg, Pa., (Special).—The United States Steel Corporation has arranged to produce its own supply of coal in the Pittsburg district by the development of 50,000 acres, worth approximately $10,000,000. The work of development will be started at once by a subsidiary company, the National Mining Company, of which President Thos. Lynch, of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, is the head.

The National Mining Company will open its first mine in the Pan-Handle field, 14 miles from Pittsburg, in the Chartiers Valley, where 7,500 acres of coal property will be developed. Contracts have already been placed for the electric hauling and other modern equipment, and this first mining plant is to be in operation before the end of the year. Other properties will be started during the year.

MINISTER BURNED TO DEATH.

Daughter Cremated and Son Injured in the Burning of Their Home.

Bethany, Conn., (Special).—Rev. Edmund Peck, a retired Methodist clergyman, aged 80 years, and his daughter, Mary Peck, 35 years old, were burned to death in a fire which destroyed their handsome homestead on the Bethany turnpike.

The house was wrapped in flames when a neighbor awoke at 4 o'clock. His shouts aroused Charles Peck, who partly overcome by smoke, made his way to the roof and jumped, severely injuring himself. It was impossible to rescue the other inmates of the house, which was reduced to ashes in less than an hour.

Mr. Peck was active in the Methodist ministry for many years, but retired 20 years ago.

Big Deal in Coal Land.

Clarksburg, W. Va., (Special).—A 4,000-acre coal tract in the Wallace district, Harrison county, W. Va., on the Short Line Railroad, is about to change hands. James R. Baines, of Uniontown, Pa., is making the sale, the purchasers being identified with the J. P. Morgan syndicate, of New York. The price to be paid is in the neighborhood of $400,000. The deeds are being prepared and the transfer will be made in a few days. The tract will be developed on an extensive scale.

Regained Consciousness.

Benton Harbor, Mich., (Special).—Camille, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Chamberlain, 9 years old, was believed to have died at Hartford, a station 20 miles north of here. The funeral was set for Monday and several families from the city had planned to attend it. After being in its coffin for two days, the child came to consciousness 30 minutes before the time for the burial, and the friends here were notified that there will be no funeral. Chamberlain is a druggist at Hartford. The child has not fully regained consciousness; she cannot see and will probably die.

Collision on the Southern.

Charlotte, N. C. (Special.)—A local freight train and a work train collided at Holtsberg, on the Southern Railway, a bad smash-up being the result. Two deadhead engines and a number of cars were derailed. Fireman R. Harrison was badly injured and was sent to a hospital in Salisbury.

Death of an American Engineer.

Santiago de Chili, (By Cable).—Richard Goldsborough, a well-known American engineer, has died here.

TWO KILLED, MANY INJURED.

Engine and Five Cars of Passenger Train Leave Track.

Glencoe, Pa. (Special.)—Baltimore and Ohio Railroad passenger train No. 6, drawn by engine 888, was wrecked while rounding a curve about one and one-half miles east of here. The engine and train were entirely destroyed by fire, leaving only the trucks and iron parts.

The engineer and fireman of the train were killed and 21 injured.

A special train was hurried to the scene of the wreck, with Drs. Bace, Wiley, Spear, Claybrook and Twigg on board, and upon arrival it was found that Dr. G. B. Haggard, of Massilon, Ohio, and Dr. V. T. McGillicudy, of Los Angeles, Cal., who were on the wrecked train, had ministered as far as possible to the wants of the injured. Seven men whose injuries were most severe were brought to the hospital here and are doing well. A number were taken to Myersdale, Pa.

Just what caused the wreck is not known. The train was coming down a steep grade at a lively rate when the engine suddenly left the track and buried itself in the mountain side, almost completely clearing the tracks and flattening itself against the mountain. The front of the engine, including the cylinders and side rods, were completely driven into the mountain. The mail car struck the engine tank and swung around beside the engine, while other cars of the train, consisting of a baggage car, smoker, day coach and two Pullmans, jumped the track and ran on the ties the full length of the train beyond the engine.

The engine and postal car immediately caught fire, the gas lights in the latter car causing the blaze, and the flames being communicated from there to the rear Pullman, spread through to the baggage car, the entire wreck burning like tinder. All the cars were more or less wrecked by the sudden stop, the chairs in the Pullman beng torn from their places and thrown around the cars. The tracks were badly torn up.

Mail Clerk Partello states that there were about 80,000 pieces of mail in the mail car, and that the only thing saved was one registered letter and one registered parcel.

Great Week at Charleston.

Charleston, S. C., (Special).—The week was a notable one at the exposition. The stock show opened with 1,010 entries, under the supervision of Geo. F. Weston, of Biltmore, N. C. On Thursday the Liberty Bell arrived from Philadelphia and was placed in the beautiful structure specially built for it. On Friday the International League of Press Clubs, the Pen and Pencil Club of Philadelphia, was assembled here, and the great musical festival, conducted by Innes' Band, opened.

Shot By Discharged Employe.

Springfield, Ohio (Special).—John G. Sadlier, superintendent and general manager of the Springfield Foundry Company and of the Indianapolis Frog and Switch Company, was shot and almost instantly killed by John W. Kenney, an employee who had been discharged recently. Kenney, who is in the hands of the police, is said to have been drinking heavily and to have made open threats against the life of Sadlier, but these threats were considered the vaporings of a drunken man and no attention was paid to them.

World's Record Rain Fall.

Honolulu, (By Cable).—Unofficial reports from Papaaloa, Island of Hawaii, state that last Wednesday 40 inches of rain fell in 24 hours. Professor Lyons, of the government observatory, says that this is a world's record, but he discredits the report. From another district a fall of 10 inches in five hours is reported, and throughout the islands there were heavy rains. A few washouts occurred, but there was no serious damage.

Collision of Two Freights.

Atlanta, Ga., (Special).—As the result of a head-on collision between two freight trains of the Southern Railway, near Rex, Ga., 14 miles from this place, three of the trains' crews were killed and a number of freight cars destroyed by fire. The two trains met on a sharp curve, the derailed cars catching fire. The collision, it is said, was caused by a disregard of signals by the crew of one of the two trains.

Burglars Used Five Charges.

Bethany, Ill., (Special).—Four men broke into the bank of A. R. Scott here, blew open the safe and secured $2,000. A large quantity of gold and silver was left, as the robbers were driven off by residents, who were aroused by the explosion and began shooting. The robbers were at work two hours and fired five charges of nitroglycerin before the residents got out.

Anarchist Plots in Spain.

Madrid, (By Cable).—The police have discovered traces of anarchist plots in the towns of Jerez de la Frontera, Alcala de les Gazules and Arcas de la Frontera, in the Province of Cadiz. Forty-nine arrests were made and the prisoners conveyed to Barcelona, where they will be tried by the military courts.

Party Ended in Fight.

Augusta, Ga., (Special).—Three people were killed and two wounded at Robbins, N. C., in a fight which occurred during a party given at the residence of Jesse Griffin. The participants in the fight were white people and well known in this part of the country.

To Christian Kaiser's Boat.

Miss Alice Roosevelt, the eldest daughter of President Roosevelt, will christen the German Kaiser's new yacht now building at Staten Island, N. Y.

This announcement was made at the White House. The Kaiser's invitation to Miss Roosevelt was extended through Dr. von Holleben, the German ambassador to the United States.

Congress of Mothers to Meet.

The National Congress of Mothers will hold its sixth annual reunion in Washington from February 25 to

NEW YEAR.

I welcome thee, New Year! Look! opened-armed I wait.
Thy footsteps drawing near, thy hand upon the gate;
O, swiftly haste, by river, plain and mead!
My trust in thee is placed and for thy grace I plead.

I welcomed thee, New Year, with eyes o'er full of love;
'Twas God who sent thee here from radiant worlds above;
'Tis God whose voice shall sound and call thee home at last;
On good or barren ground thy seedling moments cast.

I welcome thee, New Year, by heart and hand and voice;
Without one doubt or fear I meet thee and rejoice
With holy will and might with potent wisdom rife;
Since thou canst use them right, take all the keys of life.

—Lalia Mitchell, in Minneapolis Housekeeper.

Mr. Rooterby's Resolution.

A NEW YEAR'S STORY.

Mr. Rooterby was a jack.

That was what everybody said, and, of course, what everybody says is true, whether it is or not.

Nor was Mr. Rooterby a Jack because his first name was John, and all Johns are by the rule of diminutives Jacks.

Not at all. Mr. Rooterby was a jack because his ears were abnormal, and he showed other signs of an ineradicable stupidity.

"Bein' as you air the best boarder I've got, ever did have, or expeck to have," remarked his landlady many times during the years he had been occupying her second-floor front, "I won't say as how you air a plum silly, Mr. Rooterby, but I'd be most sure to if you wasn't the kind of a gent you air in every other respeck. Indeed, I would, Mr. Rooterby, and the good Lord knows I ain't the woman to deprive a man of his just deserts, seein' that my poor, dead husband was one of the Lord's chosen. I don't care if people did say I had to keep boarders so's we wouldn't starve to death or go on the county."

Some of the boarders were much more emphatic in their remarks than was the landlady.

"If Rooterby," said the prominent politician who sat across the table from him, "wasn't such an infernal fool, he would have married a rich woman long ago, and been a member of congress from this district. He would have also had a comfortable home instead of plugging away in a beastly old boarding house. If I had his chances for about seven minutes you bet I'd corner the convention and get the nomination or break a bank in the attempt."

So it would appear that Mr. Rooterby was a jack, or a silly old fool, with the accent on the profane penultimate, all on account of his persistent celibacy.

Let us examine into the testimony against Mr. Rooterby. A man of 50, so well preserved that he didn't look it by ten years; a man of affairs and a comfortable competence; a man of good habits and good family; a man of domestic tastes and somewhat sedentary life; a man of some personal pulchritude and of excellent education; a man considerably above the average in all that makes a man worthy of the name, except in respect of the persistent celibacy referred to above.

This being a fair presentation of the testimony in the case of public opinion against Rooterby, the jury will return a prompt verdict to the effect that Mr. Rooterby is guilty with evident malice aforethought prepense.

"I vow," said Mr. Rooterby, solemnly, in the presence of witnesses, "that I wouldn't propose marriage to any woman on earth. What the dickens" —Mr. Rooterby was a vestryman and could not be too emphatic—"do I want with a wife, I'd like to know? Here I am past 40 years of age"—Mr. Rooterby was just a shade sensitive on the subject of age, and still didn't want to appear silly about it—"living serenely and comfortably, with nothing to disturb me and no one to question my movements or my motives. What I have is my own, and it is not constantly undergoing a process of drainage to meet the extravagance of people for whom I would be to a large extent responsible. In fact I am monarch of all I survey, as a bachelor, and if I were a married man, there's no telling what kind of a slave to a woman's foibles and fancies I might be called on to be. Therefore, when I am perfectly satisfied and as happy as a man can be in this vale of tears, what in thunder is the use of trying to change the conditions?"

What a stereotyped old argument it is, truly, and yet it serves its purpose finely, and is an armor of defense behind which more bachelors hide than any other, perhaps, unless poverty be considered as one.

At Christmas Mr. Rooterby had given the pretty tryepriter in his employ for two or three years a present of a handsome street gown, for Mr. Rooterby was practical, and she had needed it so badly that when she told the cashier about it the tears came into her eyes, and she said she thought it such a pity so dear and good a man as Mr. Rooterby did not have a wife, and a home and children, and all those happinesses which go with matrimony, and there was something in the typewriter's tone that made the cashier wonder what Mr. Rooterby had been saying to her anyhow.

The cashier and the typewriter were the only occupants of the office except Mr. Rooterby, and it was not surprising that the cashier should wonder what Mr. Rooterby had been saying to the typewriter, seeing that he (the cashier) had been saying a great deal of importance to her himself, and with some hopes of success, unless distracting obstacles were thrown in his path, and Mr. Rooterby was a distracting obstacle, beyond peradventure.

Nor did the fact that he had presented a fine suit of clothes to the cashier as a Christmas souvenir make it any clearer in the cashier's mind why he had a right to be saying things to the typewriter when he (the cashier) was in the office with her three hours to Mr. Rooterby's one, and thought more of her in a minute than any other man thought of her in seven years by the watch.

"All I've got to say is," responded the cashier to the typewriter, when she spoke to him about the matrimonializing of Mr. Rooterby, "all I've got to say is that he ought to have been married twenty-five years ago and got out of the way."

Which seemed so bitter and unkind that the sweet little typewriter opened her blue eyes in surprise and ejaculated in almost a tone of horror: "Why, Charley, how can you say that?"

After that the life of the cashier began to grow narrow, and he never saw Mr. Rooterby come into the office that he didn't begin to think of those mysterious murders in the Rue Morgue, which Poe tells of, and wonder what was the price of man-eating monkeys and how long it would take him to teach one to climb up to Mr. Rooterby's window and eliminate Mr. Rooterby from the emotional problem which was slowly but surely undermining the mental equilibrium of the cashier.

Mr. Rooterby unconscious of what was surging and throbbing in the bosom of his cashier, grew more polite, if that were possible, to the typewriter day by day. Indeed, his manner to all women was changing. He seemed to be so gentle, when before, while he was always courtesy itself, he was lacking in that ineffable gentleness which comes only from the heart of hearts. In other words, Mr. Rooterby impressed the cashier as a man deeply and dangerously in love.

Strange that the cashier should be so discerning, for no one else noticed that Mr. Rooterby was other than his old self.

Yet he was, and the typewriter knew something that few others knew. Certainly the cashier did not know it, for his manner would have been very different had he known.

The typewriter, who was nineteen, lived in the same boarding house that sheltered Mr. Rooterby, notwithstanding the cashier had done all in his power to have her move to some other and with her there lived her mother, a widow not yet 40, and so young and pretty as easily to pass as her daughter's sister. The women were confidantes, and all the typewriter knew the mother knew. Under the circumstances what other results could have been expected than that Mr. Rooterby was looked upon with favor?

As for Mr. Rooterby, he would have laughed to scorn so much as a vague hint that he was gradually succumbing to the mysterious power of the feminine over the masculine destiny.

It was New Years eve. The cashier was calling on the typewriter, or rather, they had joined the "watch meeting" at the boarding house after the theater, and the cashier was comparatively happy, for Mr. Rooterby was devoting himself to the mother, quite to the neglect of the daughter, and the daughter seemed to be comparatively happy in the company of the cashier. There was a sound of revelry by night, and all the boarding house had gathered then, its beauty and its chivalry, and they had a walhalla kind of a wassail until the clock struck 12, when the festivities ended, and each member of the company, before departing, was called on to make one resolution for the year just ushered in.

Mr. Rooterby popped up first.

"Excuse my haste," he said, "but I want to resolve right now and here that I will not propose marriage to any woman on earth, just to show you folks who are everlastingly chaffing me that I mean business for the new year at the same old stand."

This was received with great applause, and the cashier glanced stealthily at the typewriter as if to assure himself that she was safe for another year, anyway. And the typewriter caught him in the act.

Then with a resolution to the credit of each one they said "good night," and in an hour the lights were put out and the house was still.

At three, came a terrific banging on Mr. Rooterby's door, accompanied by a scream, and Mr. Rooterby, before he was wide awake was out in the hall in his dressing gown.

It was the typewriter in a cloud of white and the hall full of smoke, and people below banging doors and shouting and a fire bell clanging around the corner.

"Mamma," she gasped and down she went in a faint just as the cashier dashed in from his house in the next block, and Mr. Rooterby, dropping her in the most unromantic fashion, flew up to the fourth floor where the widow and her daughter occupied the front rooms.

There he found her just coming out of a faint, and as she caught her scattered wits, for the widow was a woman of rare sense and presence of mind after the first shock, she grabbed his outstretched hand and groped her way with him to the head of the stairs. A tongue of flame met them at that point, and for an instant Mr. Rooterby's heart failed him. He knew there was no fire escape at the front of the house, and access to the back was cut off by the fire which had taken possession of the stairway.

But the widow was in no wise daunted.

"Come," she said, "I have a rope escape in my room. We can go down by that. I had it built for two."

Mr. Rooterby had told her at first that her daughter was safe on the floor below.

The flames were yet some distance from the front windows, with a door shut between them and the outer air and in a second Mr. Rooterby had secured the rope's end to the window and had adjusted the widow and himself for the more or less perilous trip to safety.

Whoever's make the fire escape was it was a most excellent one, and before Mr. Rooterby had got to the second story window he was perfectly at home in controlling the thing and he stopped it twenty feet from the ground.

The widow, who was dangling below him, gave a nervous start, fearing some accident.

"What is it, Mr. Rooterby?" she inquired.

"My dear madam," replied Mr. Rooterby, with as much feeling as the circumstances would permit, "will you be my wife?"

"Who, what do you mean?" gasped the widow, almost losing her balance at the unexpectedness of it.

"I mean will you marry me, of course. How else could you be my wife?"

This was a poser.

"But your resolution, Mr. Rooterby?" replied the widow, looking up at him as shyly as she could, considering her position.

"What resolution?" inquired Mr. Rooterby.

"Why the one you made when the New Year came in, that you wouldn't marry any woman on earth."

Mr. Rooterby was stumped but for an instant only.

"That doesn't apply here at all," he said confidently. "You are not on earth, and you never will be if you don't accept me right now, for I have wasted time enough, and the thought a few minutes ago that I was going to lose you in that frightful blaze—"

The widow had recovered her senses again.

"Mr. Rooterby," she interrupted, with some degree of asperity, "don't you see what a spectacle you are making of yourself? I'm willing to do anything to get down from this."

And it was even a more ridiculous spectacle five minutes later, when Mr. Rooterby, in his dressing gown, with his arm around the widow in a fluffy smoked wrapper, met the cashier in an overcoat and boots holding fast to the typewriter in something white, and the firemen trying to turn the hose on all of them.

fully insured, and what a happy New Year it was to the cashier.—New York Sun.

Teaching Her a Lesson.

"I think," said the kind old lady, "that you will find work right around the corner there."

"Madame," said Sauntering Sim, "I was born and bred in Boston. I am sorry that you used those words. Carelessness in the use of our sacred language is to me far more distressing than hunger."

"What you you mean?" she demanded, with considerable spirit, for she had once been a school teacher, and prided herself on her parts of speech.

"That little word 'will,'" he replied. "Ah, how often it is misused! Have you ever heard of the lady who fell from the steamship and called 'Help! Help?'"

"I don't remember it," she answered.

"Well," he went on, "this poor woman fell into the water, having neglected to inform herself concerning the proper use of the words 'will' and 'shall.' It happened that no heroes were on deck when she went overboard, therefore her appeals for help were made in vain. 'Help! Help! Help!' she shouted, but no one went to her assistance, and in despair she cried: 'Nobody shall help me; I will drown' What she meant, of course, was, 'Nobody will help me; I shall drown!' You see what a difference the transposition of those two small words makes?"

"But I don't know what that has to do with me," the lady said.

"Alas!" he almost sobbed; "alas! alas! Why will people who are otherwise fairly intelligent make such woeful assaults upon our beloved English? You said: 'I think you will find work around the corner.' Mark the misuse of the word 'will.' If you had said: 'I think you may (or might) find work around——"

But she let the dog out just then and the lecture was off.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Bank of England is a prosperous institution, with a capital of over $72,000,000 and a surplus of about $16,000,000, yet the governor receives a salary of only $10,000 a year. The pay of its twenty-four directors is $2,500 each per annum. The bank is a vast building, one-story high and perfectly isolated. There is not a window to be seen in its walls. The offices are lighted from the roof or from the nine inner courts and garden. At night a detachment of Foot Guards, commanded by a captain watches over the safety of the "Old Lady of Threadneedle street." During the day the private watchmen of the company itself suffice to maintain order. The bank is intrusted by the treasurer with the arrangements for the interest on the national debt, consols, annuities, etc., and receives from the government as payment for its services about $1,200,000.

FASHION AND FANCY

A FEMININE PREROGATIVE.

It is ever the feminine prerogative to burden the railroads with trunks and hand luggage. A recent illustration was the trip of Baron von Zuilen's automobile party from Paris to Berlin, when sixty-seven pieces of baggage were sent on by rail. There were six in the party, and naturally the women were held responsible for the bulk of the luggage. Queen Wilhelmina had on her honeymoon no fewer than forty pieces of baggage. A Duchess of Manchester, born Helen Zimmerman, took with her on her wedding trip forty-five trunks and valises.

FOREIGN WOMEN GET AHEAD.

Women are supposed to have more freedom in America than in any other country, but in some respects that is a mistaken impression. The recent decision in France to admit women lawyers into the courts applies to all France, while in America there are some States where this is the case, and others were it is not allowed. I do not know of any American women that have the influence in affairs that some English women have, and the movement in Germany for higher education for women is beginning on a legal basis that will eventually admit them to the position for which their education fits them. Therefore, while progress in this direction has seemed more rapid in America, it may be surer in some other countries.—Mary M. Patrick, in Leslie's Weekly.

LEADER OF 5,000,000 WOMEN.

No woman in the world has a larger following than Mrs. May Wright Sewall, president of the International Council of Women, an organization with 5,000,000 members in sixteen countries. This council has three great purposes, or reasons for existence—to prevent war, to spread peace throughout the earth, to find and publish to the world the laws affecting the domestic relations of women in all the countries represented, and to collect and distribute accurate information concerning the status, activities, industries and labors of women in the different nations.

Mrs. Sewall framed the petition for peace which was the only one officially commended by the Peace Commission at The Hague. She is the leading club woman in the world and the projector of one of the first women's clubhouses in the country. Her sympathy with the latest methods of education is manifest in her writings, her lectures, and in the classical school in Indianapolis, to which she devotes her morning hours for three-quarters of the year. Here she holds a weekly salon, famed alike for its hostess and its guests. This strong, serene, white-haired woman is a great power for good in the progress of the world.—Ledger Monthly.

GOING UP AND DOWN STAIRS.

Walking up and down stairs can be made an excellent exercise for developing the muscles of the leg from the hip down, and giving a good poise to the body, if performed in the correct and easiest way. As usually done, with the body thrown forward at the hips, the heel of the foot constantly striking, the poise of the body is lost, and a great strain is put on the back, tending to increase the nervousness of the housewife. If the body is carried well poised, upright from the hips, the ball of the foot striking the stair first, the knees being flexible, both in ascending and descending, all the good effect are obtained, and if much stair climbing is done there will be a great difference in the feeling of vitality. Ascending stairs rapidly by springing from the ball of one foot to another forms an excellent means of strengthening the ankles and curing a tendency to flat feet.

The following exercise is excellent as a nerve and muscle rest in change of position: Lying at full length on the back, raise the arms forward, upward over the head, then stretch the whole body from the toes to the tips of the fingers. Hold this position for a few seconds, then relax completely. Repeat several times.—Good Housekeeping.

THE UP-TO-DATE BABY.

The Layette which formerly was the pride of every mother's heart and the envy of all other mothers—either real or prospective; the layette comprising great amounts of lace and embroidery, added to yards of ruffles, puffs and tucks, has within late years been superseded by a much less elaborate and much more sensible outfit. In the old order of things the baby was first wrapped in a flannel band, then the "pinning blanket" was arranged so that the tiny feet were well protected, and incidentally closely confined within it. Over the pinning blanket came the flannel skirt, then the cambric skirt, each with a band that had to be fastened about the little body, and finally the robe heavily trimmed and measuring one and a half to two yards from shoulder to hem. Now the proper way to dress an infant is to substitute a knitted band for the unelastic flannel band and the woven or knitted shirts and stockings for the "pinning blanket," which is entirely omitted or left loose. The skirts are only sufficient in number to secure warmth, and the dress, measuring not more than thirty-six inches from top to bottom, is as light as possible. The baby now wears one waist which buttons on the shoulders and to which all the skirts are fastened, thus enabling one to remove them all, replacing them with others, without in the least disarranging the dress or affecting its comfort, which with the full use of its little arms and legs is of vast importance to the child's future well-being.—American Queen.

THE YOUNG GIRL IN SOCIETY.

Mrs. Mary St. Leger Harrison, a daughter of Charles Kingsley, known as a writer as Lucas Malet, has been giving some consideration to questions relating to "American Society." She finds that our "society" has drawbacks, and instances as the most notable among these that in the United States "the young girl is of too much importance." Ordinarily we resent the imputations put upon us by foreign critics, but in this instance we are rather glad to acknowledge the corn, and to add further that we glory in our weakness. No man ever lost anything of his fineness by trying to live up to the ideal the young girl has of him. No reconteur ever found greater spur to the telling of his stories in the best possible form than that which comes through the knowledge that the ear of a fresh and eager mind is hanging upon his words. No brilliant conversationalist ever found his brilliance dimmed in the presence of a young creature whose appreciation of his wit and wide range of knowledge were as yet undulled by the long years of contact with a blase world. We unquestionably do pay a great deal of attention to the young girl in this country, and it has been one of the refining elements of our social evolution, and we venture to think that when we change our plan, and sequestrate the young girl in the sacred precincts of the nursery, we shall not only stunt her development to her own very great wrong, but build up for ourselves a new society which shall be a selfish, hollow sham; devoid of charm; devoid of freshness; devoid of life, beauty and happiness; and made up of groups of erudite egotists than whom there is no greater bore in all creation.—Harper's Weekly.

THE VICISSITUDES OF A COUNTESS.

Life in Paris has many strange vicissitudes. The Countess de Trequin, only daughter of Admiral Boudin, a great beauty and heiress at the courts of France, recently was found starving amid the faded splendors of her retreat at Ville d'Avray. Reduced to dire poverty through no fault of her own, this noble dame of eighty-two, deprived herself of all food for thirty hours, in order to provide nourishment for the only friends she had, her dogs. Beyond Ville d'Avray, on the Marne road, stands a deserted property, of which the gates are wide open. Inside is the ruined house, of which the doors and windows were similarly free. Straying about were a dozen half-starved dogs. One, who by the merest chance heard of the aged recluse, paid her a visit. He found the Countess, who was scantily clad in worn and threadbare garments, sitting writing by an open window. She evinced no surprise on seeing the intruder. "I suppose you are a bailiff," was the remark, and on hearing that her visitor had not come to seize the remaining sticks of furniture, the old lady was moved to tears, and told something of her story and troubles.

At the time of her marriage she was immensely rich, owning many farms in Normandy, much real estate in Paris, and the historic and charming country seat at Ville d'Avray, formerly the tennis-court of Louis XVII., which the King gave to Clery, in one of the dependencies on which she had lived since the sale by auction of her hotel in the Rue de Calais. Of her immense revenue nothing remained. Ruined by unscrupulous men of business, who, after her husband's death, persuaded her to make unsafe investments, to cover which losses she was obliged to mortgage her properties, the Countess, once the spoiled child of fortune and reigning belle at the Tuileriese, Fontainebleau, and St. Cloud, found herself toward the close of long life deprived of all means of existence, abandoned by those who knew her, and left to die alone and uncared for within a stone's throw of the gayest city in the world. The poor old lady pathetically summed up her misfortunes by declaring: "In vain have I hoped that some tramp would enter and murder me, and thus end my misery."—Chicago Record-Herald.

BITS OF FEMININITY

White satin slippers have flowers painted on the toes and little lace bows above the painting.

Old-fashioned cameos are set in buckles and umbrella tops, and the small ones are used effectively as buttons.

Soft twills, in place of taffeta, which has held long and undisputed sway, are coming to the front, urged there by the reign of velvets.

Carnations are not popular, as a rule, in millinery; but one pretty hat has a row of carnations over the face, the hat itself is of white tulle, and upon the back of the crown a clump of foliage.

Small black velvet buttons are to be seen on some of the shirtwaists in which black appears, or when it is introduced into the stock, and they are very pretty. They are particularly good on white.

Tight fitting skirts have provoked rivalry in petticoat makers, who are vying with one another to produce the petticoat which shall occupy the least space. One of the most recent has lightweight jersey cloth for a top, the elastic fabric fitting like a glove to the figure. Silk ruffles furnish these skirts to a depth of twelve or fourteen inches

NOTES AND COMMENTS

There are various ways of breaking banks, but the burglarious route is not the most destructive of public confidence.

A Hungarian killed himself on his wife's advice. And yet there are people who claim that women are losing their influence in the home.

Denmark leads the world in per capita interest in agriculture. Each inhabitant has on an average a capital of $585 invested in farming.

The metric system of weights and measures was adopted by France in 1790, by Holland in 1816, by Belgium in 1820, and by Sweden in 1889.

Have you noticed an extra nickel in your pocket? Director of the Mint Rogers has reported a net gain in the per capita circulation of five cents.

In Paris rats destroy each year food worth $1,000,000, and the value of the food destroyed by these animals yearly all over the world is estimated to amount in the aggregate to $70,000,000.

Apple growing in America began in 1640, only twenty years after the Mayflower came. The first orchard was on an island in Boston harbor. The first nursery was set at Danvers by Governor Endicott.

Germany, in her hunt after the causes leading up to consumption, has demonstrated that fifty per cent. of the cases in that country could be traced to habitual breathing of dust tainted with injurious substances. It is possible that untainted dust might work considerable harm to the breathing apparatus of the average individual.

Although prices have fallen greatly at Dawson, there is still no use for five or ten cent pieces. The price of a few articles only is so low as a quarter of a dollar. The adage, "Take care of the pennies and the dollars will take care of themselves," will thus have little meaning to the two hundred children who are growing up in that far northern city.

A writer in Blackwood's Magazine mentions as an incident of life in Labrador the burial of a live pet in a barrel under the November snow. The owner of the animal, a black bear, by the way, dug up the barrel twice during the winter, but did not awaken the occupant, who was permitted to sleep on till May. Hibernating pets give no trouble to their owners or to others and are happy in their repose. A barrel may thus be the abode of greater felicity than is to be found in a palace.

In more than three thousand schools in Great Britain the boys are studying text books on Canada which set forth her history, explain her system of government and lay stress upon her natural resources. These books are supplied free by the Dominion, and Lord Strathcona, Canada's high commissioner to the mother country, will give valuable medals next spring to the scholars who pass the best examinations on them. The laudable aim of Strathcona and his countrymen is to impress British youth with the advantages of the Dominion as a field for emigration.

The French Academy has honored itself by awarding a prize of 1,000 francs to Cecile Morand. Mlle. Morand is a seamstress, dwarf and a cripple. But she has supported a paralytic father and ten brothers and sisters—one of the brothers being an invalid. Virtue, of course, is its own reward, and one who has so much of it as Mlle. Morand is incomparably rich—rich in fine qualities of industry, unselfishness, affection. But it is pleasant to hear of public recognition accompanied by a substantial offering in cold cash. The money may lighten this poor girl's labors for a season.

Not long since an interesting topic of debate was started at the Diet of German Women, then sitting in Eisenach. The mover of the subject discussed the common practice of women of running down as much as possible the prices of the articles they purchased. "Was this," she asked, "ethically defensible?" "Women rush from shop to shop in order to purchase their goods a few farthings cheaper, and often under cost price, and in doing so they are quite ignorant of the fact that wages have to be thereby diminished and the number of hours of labor lengthened." She suggested also that people have no idea of the misery they cause to many small traders by unpunctuality in the payment of small accounts. Also that women who insist upon making their purchases late in the evening do not seem to consider that by doing so they rob thousands of shop employes of the hours of repose and recreation they greatly need. The Diet resolved to send a petition to the federal government of Germany, begging that women inspectors of factories should have an academic training putting them upon an intellectual equality with male inspectors, and that they should be assisted by women of the factory class who have had practical experience in the work in question.

She Wants to Help the Homeless.

A Washington paper publishes this advertisement:

A young lady with college education would like position as private teacher in some family without board or lodging.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

NOTE.—Subscribers will please observe the date on the label of the Reporter after a remittance is made and report if it is not correct. Dates are only changed the first issue of each month. Jan01, means that your subscription is paid to last January. 01 means July, 1901.

GREAT STORIES BY GREAT AUTHORS.

A Remarkable Series of Fiction Will be Published in the Philadelphia Sunday Press.

A remarkable year of fiction is promised the readers of the Philadelphia Press during 1902. Famous writers of America and Europe will contribute to it each Sunday. The series began last Sunday, Jan. 5, with a stirring story of the the Philippines, by General Charles King. It is called "A Conquering Corps Badge." This will be followed by clever short stories by Justin Huntley McCarthy, author of "If I Were King." Sir Walter Besant, author of "The Little Minister," John Strange Winter, author of "Bootle's Baby." W. E. Norris, Frank T. Bullen, the great writer of sea stories, Rev. S. Baring Goule, author of "The Crock of Gold," Amelia E. Barr, Morley Roberts, Fergus Hume, author of "The Lady From Nowhere," David Christie Murray, author of "A Rogue's Conscience," H. B. Marriott Watson, author of "The Princess Xenia," Adeline Sargeant, John K. Leys and others equally well known. This great series began last Sunday. Be sure to order next Sunday's Press of your newsdealer in time.

Oak Hall.

Fine ice, about eight inches in thickness is being stored.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dale were to Rock Springs Saturday, attending the funeral of Mrs. Dale's sister, Mrs. Keichline.

Mrs. E. B. Peters has been staying with her mother, Mrs. Zettle, at Dale's Summit.

William Hoover is at present visiting his mother.

Miss Straub, of Lock Haven, is visiting at the home of Mr. Klinger.

Frank Barnhart is able to be out again.

Master William Tressler and Miss Claudie Wieland, of Boalsburg, were trying the ice last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Smith spent Saturday at Bellefonte.

R. C. Palmer will make sale of his personal property January 15. He intends moving to Lycoming county to take charge of a woolen factory. All are sorry to lose such good citizens as Mr. and Mrs. Palmer have proven themselves to be.

The Sunday school normal class at Boalsburg is progressing rapidly.

The schools are well attended; there was an average in the primary school every day last month of twenty-nine pupils out of thirty-two.

Coburn.

P. H. Stover and brother Kreider, and Elmer Hoover, all of the state of West Virginia, spent over a week visiting friends in this section. They all expect to return again to the above named state.

Rev. Stein, of Harrisburg, preached in the Lutheran church at this place last Tuesday evening. He made a deep impression upon the minds of his audience by his powerful oratory.

Miss Lizzie Hosterman's physical condition is such as to alarm her friends. She is suffering from that dread disease consumption.

Miss Mary A. Garthoff has gone to Bellefonte, and is attending the public schools at that place.

Andrew Harter attended the meeting of the Centre County Mutual Fire Insurance Company at Bellefonte on Tuesday.

Candidates for the various local offices are beginning to loom up.

T. B. Witmyer was home over Sunday visiting his family.

S. R. King will vacate the hotel at this place on April 1st, but may continue the livery. The correspondent has not learned who Mr. King's successor in the hotel will be.

Musical College.

The College of Music at Freeburg, Snyder county, Pa., offers a cheerful and commodious home to young people desiring instruction in Vocal and Instrumental Music. $33 will pay for six weeks' instruction and board. Spring term begins May 5. For catalogue address

oj22 HENRY B. MOYER.

GIRLS WANTED.—The Bush House, Bellefonte, wants two or three girls for dining room work. No previous experience in the dining room needed. Inquire at the Reporter office or

BUSH HOUSE,
Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE.—A twelve-horse power portable engine and boiler in good condition. Write the Howard Creamery Company, Bellefonte, Pa. jan16.

Millheim.

Harry Buck returned to New Berlin on Monday afternoon, after spending a two weeks' vacation at his home in this place.

Misses Emeline Sturgis and May Myerly have been visiting at the home of A. Walter, on E. Main St., for the last two weeks.

Rev. H. W. Buck is conducting a series of revival meetings in the United Ev. church in this place.

Mr. Edward Confer, of Spring Mills, formerly of Millheim, and now a student at Central Penn. College, circulated among his friends in town one day last week.

Miss Lizzie Phillips, of near Madisonburg, visited her cousin Miss Ada Breon on Penn, St., during the holidays.

Miss Ada Breon, accompanied by her brother Wallace, spent Sunday at Spring Mills.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Condo visited at Wolfs Store over Sunday.

D. M. Morris and wife were guests at the home of their son, C. H. Morris, several days last week.

An epidemic of measles has struck the town and in consequence thereof the attendance at the public schools has fallen off very much. At this writing there are about forty cases "docketed."

George B. Breon, a hustling lumberman of Williamsport, transacted business in town on Tuesday. Mr. Breon is an up to date business man and by his genial disposition makes hosts of friends wherever he goes.

Thomas Wert, of Plymouth, proprietor of the Central Knitting Mills, at this place, spent Sunday in Millheim. He had with him three "junior Werts," who were much delighted with their visit and enjoyed themselves hugely. Mr. Wert is well pleased with the progress made by his industry. Additional new hands are being added daily and the plant promises employment to all who are willing to work.

Miss Eva Moyer, of Centre Mills, is employed by the school board as a supply teacher in the Millheim schools for Miss McCloskey.

Robert Foote, Sidney Reish, John Musser and Peter Shires, left on Monday morning for Wilkinsburg in search of employment.

Herbert Rishel who had been employed on the lumber job of Homan and Shaffer, at Everett, Bedford Co., returned to his home in this place on Monday evening.

Pine Grove Mills.

Oscar Heckman is receiving congratulations over the arrival of a young son.

Albert, son of Dr. M. L. Houser, is laid up with an attack of German measles.

David Otto and son John, of Stormstown, were interviewing old time friends here Monday.

Jacob Kepler started for Hot Springs Arkansas, where he usually spends the winter, and thinks he is much benefitted.

Mrs. Richard Gates, while walking to a neighbor's home at Baileyville, last Friday morning, fell on the ice and broke her left arm.

John McWilliams and his sister, Mrs Buckwalter, of Lancaster, are visiting at the parental home at Fairbrook.

Mrs. Eliza McClellan, of Tusseyville, accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. George Burchfield, are visiting relatives in this section.

Will Swabb and Ezra Tressler, two of Penn's Valley's representative men, spent several days in this section viewing some real estate with a view of making a purchase.

Linden Hall.

Miss Mattie Long, of Centre Hall, spent several days of last week in this community.

Thomas Coble, of Altoona, visited his parents at this place this week.

The new flour and feed mill is turning out flour and feed at a great rate. The machinery seems to be running along smoothly and giving entire satisfaction.

Mrs. Ripka, who visited friends near Coburn returned home last Wednesday.

Samuel D. Gettig, of Bellefonte, visited his mother last week.

Irvin Zeigler and Mitchell Garbrick, two bright young men of this place who are attending college, spent their Christmas vacation at home. The former did not have much of a vacation as he suffered somewhat severely from measles. Presume they were not the renowned "College measles."

It is reported that Samuel Ripka has sold his farm to George Miller, of Houserville, consideration twenty-five hundred dollars. The Reporter readers will remember that a handsome dwelling house erected thereon was destroyed by fire, and this caused Mr. Ripka to sell everything and retire from farming.

Philip Bradford and wife spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Bradford's parents, at Colyer.

Mrs. Anna Rossman and Maria Wagner, both of Tusseyville, spent last Friday as the guests of Mrs. Elizabeth Gettig.

William Cummings and charming bride arrived home from their wedding trip last week, and so ends another romance. The writer voices the sentiment of all by wishing them a happy and prosperous life together.

It is reported that a wolf was seen in town Saturday afternoon. But, as the sports were all out of town on that day it vanished again without causing much commotion.

Henry Zeigler and family entertained some relatives from Illinois on Sunday.

John Knarr and Philip Frank, had a hog killing match at Harry Decker's recently, when Mr. Decker had his butchering. The hogs did not always drop when John fired, which caused Philip to declare the only way to do the business was to have a general "sticking" of live hogs. This progressed all right until the latter's knife went clear through the hog, struck the floor and broke the blade.

See Grant Hoover before you insure.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

Public Ledger.

PHILADALPHIA, PA.

Prints all the news that is fit to print.

The PUBLIC LEDGER aims to be a Newspaper for the busy man and also for all members of his family. The important news of the day is published in condensed form so that it may be read in a few minutes, but along with this summary is a complete and classified News Department, embracing besides the Associated Press Despatches, special correspondence from New York and Washington, and from all the important cities in Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, to which is added a weekly letter on The Christian Endeavor Topic by Rev. Floyd W. Tomkins, D. D., which appears in Saturday's issue; a Building Society Department published on Thursdays, and a Weekly Letter from London by Arnold White, one of the best informed men on English affairs; allso Letters from the Chief Capitals of Europe.

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Forward the price of 26 weeks' subscription, plus 50c. ($3.62) to the LEDGER, and the name of your your nearest express office. The Atlas will be forwarded by express, or if you are not near an express office include 52 cents for mailing and the Atlas will be mailed to your postoffice with the Ledger.

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☞Make all remittances payable to

GEORGE W. CHILDS DREXEL,
Editor and Publisher.

Lemont.

The Lemont Dramatic Association gave an entertainment in the public school house at Lemont last Saturday evening, which was well patronized. The members of the association talk of giving an exhibition in Centre Hall some time during the winter.

Mr. Gamble, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. at Bellefonte, spoke in the Presbyterian church last Sabbath forenoon and evening. At the evening services the house was crowded.

Rev. Hepler will begin a series of meetings.

Mrs. Samuel Weaver and son Joseph, of Dix Station, on the B. E. V. R. R., spent a few days with her parents and sisters in Lemont last week.

Edward Armstrong is still on the sick list, and is recovering very slowly.

Spring Mills, Pa.

P. V. S. STORE.

Do not have wet feet.

Do not think Spring is here.

Do not think any old thing will do.

Do not think you will not catch cold unless you will come to the store and get something warm and comfortable in all kinds and sizes of shoes.

We can expect three more months of cold and wet weather until the sunny days of Spring come.

You can expect some special prices—

C. A. KRAPE.

W. A. HENNEY,

BLACKSMITH.

Come around to see me.

The Red Cross Leads . . . . .

If you want a bargain in Stoves call to see my line and get my Prices.

You'll Find My Prices Low—Extremely Low.

Among others we handle the

RED CROSS OAK, single or double heater, with or without magazine.
RED CROSS DOUBLE HEATER.
IMPERIAL RED CROSS RANGE.
THE SUNSHINE OAK PARLOR STOVE, single or double heater, with or without magazine.

Mosaic and Onyx Enameled Stove Boards.

You will find all wares usually found in a tinner's establishment at my place of business. All work neatly and promptly performed.

J. A. REESMAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

BANKS.

Penn's Valley Banking Company,

CENTRE HALL, PA.

Receives Deposits,
Discounts Notes.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier. auly

ATTORNEYS.

HUGH S. TAYLOR, Attorney-at-Law, Bellefonte, Pa.
No. 24 Temple Court. All manner of legal business promptly attended to. aug96

J. H. ORVIS. C. M. BOWER. E. J. ORVIS
ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys at Law, BELLEFONTE PA.
Office in Crider's Exchange building on second floor. 26jul00

David F. Fortney. W. Harrison Walker
FORTNEY & WALKER. Attorney at Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office north of Court House.

CLEMANT DALE, Attorney at Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jan87

W. G. RUNKLE, Attorney-at-Law, BELLEFONTE, PA.
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d floor Crider Exchange.

S. D. GETTIG, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW BELLEFONTE, PA.
Collections and all legal business attended to promptly. Consultations German and English. Office, 1 Exchange Building.

N. B. SPANGLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA.
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider Exchange Building. nov193

J. F. GARTHOFF, Justice of the Peace, Practical Surveyor and Conveyancer, COBURN, PA.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST, Farmers Mill's, Pa. AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.
I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work. Terms are moderate. Give me a trial. mar 21-1 yr

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

WANTED, AGENTS.
To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO., 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa. j44

DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO, Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents

FOR SALE.—Two writing desks for sale. In good condition, and suitable for a business office. Apply at the REPORTER office. sep5 3t

ROOFING SLATE.

ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a.

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 13decly.

HOTELS.

CENTRE HALL HOTEL, J. W. Runkle, Manager.
Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Centre for fishing and hunting. may697

HOTEL HAAG,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.
Rates $1.00 per day.
East Bishop Street.
F. A. NEWCOMER, Proprietor

SPRING MILLS HOTEL, Edwin Ruhl, Proprietor, SPRING MILLS, PA.
First-class accommodations at all times for man or beast.
Free bus to and from all trains.
Excellent livery attached.

OLD FORT HOTEL,
S. B. SHAFFER, Proprietor.
Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished
Best Liquors. Fine Stabling.

G. L. OWENS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, TYRONE, PA.
Our Specialty: Collections and Reports. References on request. Nearby towns represented:—Bellwood, Altoona, Hollidaysburg and Huntingdon. 27sep 00

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect Nov. 24, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.38 a. m.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 p. m. New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.55 a. m.—Train 30. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton and intermediate stations. Week days for Allenport, Uniontown, Connellsville, Mt. Pleasant, Scottdale, Latrobe, Greensburg, Irwin, Wilmerding, Braddock, Rankin, Homestead, Duquesne, McKeesport, Port Perry, Belle Vernon, Monessen, Donora, Charleroi, Monongahela, Elizabeth, Mckeesport and Pittsburg. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.25 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.55 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.35 a. m., Baltimore 9.45 p. m. Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.33 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 7.22 a. m., New York 9.53 a. m., (10.38 a. m. Sundays,) Baltimore 7.15 a. m., Washington 8.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.27 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.00 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	A M	Eastward. P M
1 38	9 40	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	9 50	Lewisburg	9 05	4 42
1 53	9 58	Biehl	8 58	4 35
1 57	10 02	Vicksburg	8 53	4 31
2 05	10 10	Millmont	8 45	4 24
2 16	10 22	Millmont	8 33	4 13
2 23	10 30	Glen Iron	8 26	4 06
2 51	11 00	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 41
3 02	11 10	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	11 17	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	11 25	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	11 31	Penn Cave	7 29	3 10
3 30	11 38	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	11 44	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	11 51	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	11 55	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 50	11 59	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 54	12 03	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	12 12	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 06	12 15	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	12 20	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.25 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.15 and 8.00 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.10, 5.32 p m. and 8.15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 4.16 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.30 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 4.38 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m. Lv.	At.	p m	p.m	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	†6 30	BELLEFONTE	9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42	Nigh	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	Zion	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53	Hecla Park	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 35	3 05	6 55	Dunkles	8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	HUBLERSB'G	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 1	7 03	Snydertown	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	Nittany	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	Huston	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	LAMAR	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15	Clintondale	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	Krider's S'p'g	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24	Mackeyville	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	Cedar Springs	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	Salona	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	MILL HALL	†7 52	†4 00	†8 30
11 45	8 10		Jersey Shore	8 25	7 55	
12 20	8 45	Arr.	Lve	†2 50	†7 21	
†12 34	*11 30	Lve	Wm'PORT Arr.	2 30	*6 55	
8 29	7 02		PHILA	†8 36	*11 36	
			Atlantic City			
			NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua.)			
*10 40	†9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila.)	†4 30	†9 00	
p. m	a m	Arr.	Lve.	a. m	p m.	

*Daily. †Week Days. †6 00 p. m. Sunday, †10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to East bound train from Williamsport at 11 30 p. m. and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.35 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¼	8¼	2¼	STATIONS.	Ar.	Lv.	12¼	7¼	11¼	WESTWARD
PM	PM	AM		A M	A M	AM	PM	PM	
6 30	1 10	8 45	Bellefonte	6 20	10 30	4 21			
6 20	1 02	8 40	Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 28			
6 16	12 58	8 37	Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30			
6 10	12 54	8 35	Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33			
6 08	12 49	8 31	Hunters	6 50	10 58	4 38			
6 02	12 46	8 28	Fillmore	6 55	10 56	4 42			
5 57	12 41	8 24	Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47			
5 53	12 37	8 20	Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52			
5 50	12 35	8 18	Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54			
5 36	12 26	8 07	Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 08			
5 32	12 24	8 04	Struble	7 20	11 24	5 00			
5 31	12 22	8 02	Inn	7 28	11 28	5 09			
5 30	12 20	8 00	State College	7 30	11 30	5 10			

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains for State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS

THE CENTRE REPORTER
CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1902.

Spring Mills.

John Heckman has been the champion sucker fisher with hook and line.

Mrs. D. H. Ruhl and son Baker have been spending the past two weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Willis Rishell, at Montgomery.

Windom Gramley, son of T. M. Gramley, spent a week with his parents. Windom is a student at Gettysburg College.

Some sneak thief stole a bucket of oysters from O. T. Corman's store If the thieves are discovered they will get their just dues.

Rev. Koontz is conducting a protracted meeting in the United Evangelical church. Rev. Koontz preached some very able sermons; there have been several conversions.

Hon. William M. Allison, while on the way to the station with his daughter Mabel, having considerable speed on as he made the turn at Smith Bro's furniture store the ice caused the sleigh to swing around and strike a plank, throwing the occupants to the ground. They received several bruises. It takes an expert driver to upset on the level road.

Last Saturday evening a sled load of young people went to Madisonburg to attend a festival. O. T. Corman and Edward Jamison were at the head of it.

The Y. M. C. A. held a song service Sunday afternoon in the Methodist church, which was well attended.

Mrs. Annie King, of Sugar Valley, spent Sunday with her mother. Mrs. Mary Krape.

The preliminary meeting called by the former pupils of Dr. D. M. Wolf, to meet in the Academy building on the 30th ult., to consider and make arrangements for his Golden Anniversary,—fifty years as preceptor—was exceedingly interesting and quite largely attended, and no doubt from the great interest taken in the proceedings by all his pupils both former and present, the Golden Anniversary will be an event of such magnitude and character, that evidently it will not be very soon forgotten.

New Year's day here was celebrated as usual by the Mummers, who paraded through the village streets attired in the most absurd costumes and a few mounted on jaded animals caparisoned far beyond the ridiculous. It kept the riders very busy to prevent their "skeletons" from going in the direction of a feed store.

The merchants are now very busily engaged in figuring up the business of the past year—particularly profit and loss accounts. The volume of business has been larger than usual but the merchants say the profits will prove exceedingly light. Competition is very strong here, and of course the margin frequently verges on the danger line—cost.

Dr. P. W. Leitzell appears to be constantly driving up or down the road with almost the rapidity of the wind. The doctor has obtained by his professional skill and ability, also his agreeable demeanor in the sick chamber, a very extensive practice, not only in the village, but for miles in the surrounding country.

Wm. Ruhl, proprietor of the livery establishment at this place, is doing an excellent business and says that while sleighing lasts he could easily use a dozen more teams, as at present he is able to comply with only about half the demand. Mr. Ruhl is fully equipped for the ordinary livery business, but when the extraordinary arrives, sleighing for instance, he is left.

The children connected with the M. E. Sunday school of this place, were treated to their usual Christmas gift of candy, and the candy too, was of a very superior quality, unlike most gift candy, which generally contains in each package a sufficient quantity of gum to make the recipient a pair of second-grade rubbers.

Miss Ida Condo left on Wednesday last for a ten day's visit to Williamsport and Montgomery. At the latter town she will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Rishell, formerly of this village.

John Lloyd, Democrat, has announced himself a candidate for constabulary honors. Orvis Beatty is also a candidate for the same office. Both these gentlemen are well known, sound Democrats, and either one would be a credit to Gregg township.

Michael Shires, the popular insurance agent, remarked a day or two since, that if his business continued to improve and accumulate like it has for the last month or two, he would be forced to employ an assistant to keep matters even. Mr. Shires is doing a very large insurance business, and only with the best companies in the United States and Europe.

C. P. Long in addition to his general store, is heavily engaged in the lumber business. At present he has twelve teams employed in hauling to Spring Mills from his several mills, 7,500 feet of lumber per week. Of course these extensive operations of Mr Longs means employment to a large body of men, who otherwise would be indifferently employed or idle. Now they have plenty of work and at fair wages.

Colyer.

Protracted meeting at the United Evangelical church at Zion, which began Sunday evening one week ago is still in progress and is very successful, having three seekers.

Mrs. Peter Phillips and daughter Miss Ella, also Mrs. Calvin Cooney, spent New Year's day at the home of J. S. Housman.

John Houtz, of Freeburg, Snyder county, passed through this vicinity one day last week. He is dealing in cigars, etc, and stepped with merchant G. R. Meiss, leaving him a good supply of the same.

Among the guests at Mrs. Kate Reiber's on New Year's day, partaking of a splendid roast which was served were, Gurney Smith and aunt, Miss Ella Smith, Mrs. J. H. Moyer and daughter Blanche, Mrs. Peter Boal, and Mrs. James Runkle.

Miss Nannie Miess was presented with a gold watch, a gift from her father.

Play and taffy parties are again in progress, there being a taffy party at the home of Calvin Bottorf on New Year's evening, quite a number of young folks being present, who enjoyed the evening eating good things.

Miss Ruth Bower, of Potters Mills, spent several days with her friend, Miss Blanche Moyer.

William Reiber's had an excellent turkey dinner on New Year.

On New Year's day there was a bag race at the store of G. R Meiss, something new in this vicinity. They were compelled to walk a certain distance with their feet tied together, the prize being a box of cigars. Two only won prizes.

The sad news reached this place of the death of Ralph, youngest son of Wm. Cooney, of Yeagertown, formerly of this place.

Calvin Bottorf returned home Friday after spending several weeks with his son John, at Jersey Shore, and also other points in that section.

Wm. Moyer spent several days the past week with his sister, Mrs. Ezra Ripka, at Lewistown.

Ralph Rickert, of Centre Hall, spent a day last week at the home of Wm. Ishler.

Miss Sallie Wright, of Tusseyville, visited her friend, Miss Myrian Moyer Sunday.

John Ishler had a roast New Year's day to which a number of his friends were invited.

Calvin Ruhl and Aaron Detwiler left for Yeagertown, where they are employed in the axe factory.

Alfred Reiber left Monday for Philadelphia, where he has secured a position as stenographer. Mrs. Reiber will follow in a short time when they will start house keeping.

One evening last week Messrs. Robert Glasgow and George Kline, of Linden Hall, and Misses Katie Boal and Carrie Bottorf, of this place, had an upset which spilled them all out; fortunately not any of them were seriously injured.

Jonas Smith, formerly of this place, but now of Philadelphia, where he has a position on a street car and was unfortunate in injuring his leg, which turned into scrofula, after a ten day's visit at the home of his parents, will again return to his position.

La grippe is again in this vicinity.

Potters Mills.

From last week.

The Sportsmen's League, of this place, had a shooting contest Christmas day; the prize was a gun and Landlord Reish was the lucky man.

The following persons from this place spent the holidays at Altoona: Mrs. John Harper, Cora McClenahan, Alice Decker, and Lizzie Foust.

Mrs. J. T. McCormick was in town nursing her aunt, Miss Nancy Pierce, who fell and sustained some painful bruises.

The sick in and about town are William Smith, Malinda Heaton, Nancy Pierce, Mrs. Perry McKinney, Mr. Mattern, Bessie Harshbarger. Grandma Smith, who has been very ill at the home of her son-in-law, Dr. H. S. Alexander, is slowly improving.

You can buy a first-class blanket at a low price from Boozer, Centre Hall.

Write Grant Hoover for prices on insurance. ooo

GRAIN MARKET.

Old Wheat, 70; New	80
Rye	50
Corn	62
Old Oats	45
Barley	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	22
Eggs	30
Lard	10
Potatoes, new	75
Side Meat	08
Shoulder	9
Ham	14

SPRING MILLS—O. T. CORMAN,

(In exchange for goods. Cash also paid.)

Eggs	31	Side	07
Butter	20	Tallow	3½
Lard	9	Huckleberries	—
Chickens, 7 cash	6	Apples	60
Ducks	07	Dried Apples	04
Raspberries	—	Potatoes	75
Ham	12	Large Onions	60
Shoulder	9	Beef Hides	06

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	80
Wheat, white	80
Corn, ears	65
Shelled Corn	65
Rye	60
Oats, new	45
Barley	60
New Potatoes	70
Eggs	25
Butter	25

ENGLAND'S SEA GYPSIES.

A Strange Little Tribe That Lives Always on Boats.

A strange and almost unknown part of the population (if it can be called that) of the British isles is the queer semiwild folk known as sea gypsies. Real gypsies they are, differing from their fellow gypsies in the fact that they always live on the sea and that, never having mingled with landsmen, their type is much purer and more nearly resembles the original.

There are about 500 sea gypsies in Britain. They cruise along the coast, seldom touching the land, but always close to it, in old and weatherbeaten craft that may have carried their grandfathers.

When the tide is out, the old craft will often drop anchor by a sand bank island far out at sea, and her crew will grub for cockles with their hands, filling a score of baskets, but saying nothing to each other, for they are almost out of the habit of speech. They find fifty shellfish where the ordinary fisherman finds one, but they rarely do the same thing two days running, and in the next hour they may be snaring rabbits on a headland miles away.

The sea gypsies are wild eyed and thickset. Their hair is always either jet black or golden. They are still of almost pure Norse or Danish descent, never having used the land and mixed with the shore folk to any extent. Their hands seem to be all thumbs instead of fingers, so powerful and stubby are the digits, because they have done nothing but haul ropes and dig in the wet sand.—New York Press.

Of a Large Class.

Simkins—Bilkins junior strikes me as being a very promising young man.

Timkins—Yes; more promising than paying.—Chicago News.

Woodward.

A. Treaster and wife returned from Yeagertown last week, where they spent a week visiting his brother. He reports business booming in that section and talks of moving over next spring.

Monday morning five of the young men from this place left for Yeagertown. Some of them were home on a vacation and the others are going to try axe grinding.

C. M. Stover after spending a few weeks at his old home left on Monday morning for West Virginia, where he is engaged in lumbering on the Motz, Stover and Hosterman tract.

Sunday morning Rev. A. Doerstler, of Madisonburg, preached an able sermon in the Evangelical church. His subject was "Life is short."

Sunday evening C. W. Hosterman and B. F. Gentzel each took a load of people, mostly members of the Evangelical church, up to Paradise church, west of Coburn, to attend the protracted meeting held by Rev. Burley. There are four converts and only one member. Rev. Burley needs help and was very glad to have the people come and take part in the meeting.

Sunday there were a great many visitors in town from Coburn and other places. It was owing to the good sleighing so many were out, they came by the sled load.

The ice crop is ripe and the people are taking advantage of it, the ice is about six inches thick; along the side of the pond it is about ten inches thick but it is not fit for use on account of the muddy water running over it during the last rain.

Measles have broken out among the children; St. Paul's school closed last week on account of them. It may close the schools at this place as the measles are spreading rapidly among the children.

The Fultz boys have the Motz saw mill ready to saw any kind of timber, shingles, etc.

John J. Orndorf is on the sick list; look out for the measles.

C. W. Hosterman and Frank Richard took a load of pork to Hartleton Monday evening.

C. J. FINKLE
Spring Mills, Pa.

New Store,
New Stock . . . . .

I will be pleased to have a call from all persons wishing to purchase goods in my line. . . . . .

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods, and at prices that will surprise you.

The Holiday season is is over.
1902 greets you.
Throughout the coming year
We have determined
To Sell More Goods
Than we did in 1901.
Come and compare our
After Holiday Prices.

The best goods
At the Lowest Prices
Ought to count.
It will count.

..H. F. ROSSNAN,..
Spring Mills, Pa.

GRANT HOOVER
Controls sixteen of the largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the world.
The Best is the Cheapest.....
No mutuals; no assessments.
...Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Telephone connection.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RY. CHANGES.

FLORIDA AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED.

Leaves Philadelphia 3 29 P. M., Baltimore 5 45 P. M., and Washington 7 00 P. M., daily, and arrives Jacksonville 3 50 P. M., connecting for points on Florida East Coast as far as New Smyrna. Through sleeping cars to Atlanta, Jacksonville and Tampa, connecting with steamers for Cuba via Miami or Port Tampa.

Through sleeping cars to Pinehurst Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, commencing December 3, except passengers in cars leaving Saturdays will arrive Pinehurst via electric road from Southern Pines.

CAFE DINING CAR SERVICE.

To Florida and Atlanta on Florida and Metropolitan Limited, which is an entirely new feature.

SEABOARD FAST MAIL.

Leaves Philadelphia 7.20 A. M, Baltimore 9 34 A. M., and Washington 11.01 A. M., daily, and arrives Jacksonville 9.05 A. M, Atlanta 8 50 A. M. connecting at Jacksonville for all Florida East Coast points and Cuba, via Miami, and for Tampa, Tallahassee, and all other interior Florida. Seaboard Fast Mail avoids an unseasonable hour of arrival in Atlanta. Through coaches to Jacksonville on both trains.

STOP OVER PRIVILEGES.

At Pinehurst, Southern Pines, Camden, Columbia and Savannah on Winter tourist ticket not offered any other line, good either via Richmond or Portsmouth over Seaboard Air Line Railway.

MILEAGE TICKETS.

Good from Washington and between all points on Seaboard Air Line, including Florida, are on sale at $25.00 for each thousand miles, good one year from date of sale. These afford many privileges and cheap rates.

This is the shortest, quickest and best line to Florida, which this season is more attractive than ever, as never before in the history of the State has the orange crop been so large and the many other fruit growing industries so far developed.

For all information call on Ticket Agent or address Jos. E. Miller, Passenger Agent, 836 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Jno. R. Duval, Passenger Agent, 201 E. Baltimore St., Baltimore, Md.

W. H. Doll, General Agent, Washington, D. C.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

(The rate for announcement under this head is $1.50, when paid in advance, otherwise $2.25.—The REPORTER can not advocate the election of any Democrat prior to nomination by the regular caucus. All communications bearing on the subject will be charged for at the rate of ten cents per line, provided previous arrangements have been made.—ED.)

James Horner announces that he is a candidate for the office of Constable of Potter township, subject to the decision of the Democratic caucus of said district.

Philip Frank announces that he is a candidate for the office of Constable of Potter township, subject to the decision of the Democratic caucus of said district.

J. Harris Hoy, who is associated with Col. Fred Reynolds in the agriculture and dairy interests, will be disassociated in the spring. Mr. Hoy has rented ten of the Reynold's farms for a cash rental and will sub-let them to others.

KREAMER & SON.

The New Year finds us . . . . . .

Here to Serve You With the Best Goods at the Most Reasonable Prices. . . . . .

You will find we keep constantly on hand a full line of . . . .

Dry Goods and Groceries,
Fine Notions,
Boots and Shoes,
Rubber Goods,

Or any goods usually found in a general Store. . . . . .

We pay market price for all kinds of Country Produce and will be glad to give you nice, new, clean goods in exchange for the same.

Kreamer & Son, Centre Hall, Pa.

New Furniture Store,
New Goods,
New Prices.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

We have the largest stock of furniture in Penns Valley to select from which will be sold at reduced prices until the first of the year. Our stock of rockers was never so complete.

Prices on Stoves, Heaters and Ranges are away down. A present to every family who make a purchase.

SMITH BROS. Spring Mills, Pa.

Dr. Smith Salve,

For all Kinds of Sores. Post paid by Mail, 25 cts.
DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

CENTRE HALL
CARRIAGE & WORKS.

We have been planning for some time, not to give you

Cheap work,
But to give you
Good work cheap.

At the prices we are now doing all kinds of Woodwork, Painting and Trimming, using only the very best stock and workmanship is a proof that good work can and is done very cheap

J. T. LEE,
Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs,
Colds,
Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts
Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

You will find the best brands of
FLOUR
are kept by
JOHN S. AUMAN,
CENTRE HALL, PA.
Pillsbury Flour and
John S. Auman Brand
are the best on the market.
BRAN, SHORTS, CHOP & MIDDLINGS
always on hand.
Custom chopping done at all times.
I also keep Salt on hand at all times in grain bags or in burlap sacks. Also Baum's Poultry, Horse & Stock Food.
A new flour of entire wheat and superior to Graham flour now in stock.
Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

R. D. FOREMAN. WM. F. FLORAY
FOREMAN & FLORAY
(Successors to Geo. W. Ocker.)
—DEALERS IN—
Grain, Coal, Flour, Mill Feed, Salt, Fertilizers, Farming Implements, &c.
We pay the highest cash prices the market will afford for all kinds of grain, and at the same time will offer you goods as mentioned above at the lowest possible prices consistent with the quality of goods.
We make a specialty of
FLOUR
and carry in stock the best brands to be obtained anywhere, including both winter and spring wheat varieties.
In the line of farm implements we offer only the best, including Champion Binders and Mowers, Superior Grain Drills and Bucher & Gibbs
Imperial Plows - - -
Spring Tooth Harrows and One-horse Cultivators. The Champion Binders and Mowers, as well as the Superior Drills, have an established reputation for durability, lightness of draft, ease of operation, and perfection of work. Bucher & Gibbs' Plows have been popular since 1830, as the best general purpose plow made. Shares for these plows always on hand. These shares come direct from the factory and are far superior to the home-made ones, both in fit and quality of material.
We most respectfully solicit at least a share of your patronage.

WARM QUARTERS PREVENT DISEASE.

No farmer will burn corn or hay in a stove, in order to keep his animals warm in winter, but he burns extra quantities of such materials in the bodies of the animals when he does not provide warm quarters. Heat must be procured from fuel of some kind, and the animals must have the fuel or fall off in weight and production. Warm quarters save food and prevent diseases.

FAT HOGS VS. LEAN HOGS.

Those who advocate the advantages of hogs with less fat and more lean are correct, so far as market prices are concerned; but where a farmer has plenty of corn, it will pay him to sell fat hogs, for the reason that fat can be produced at less cost than muscle, and also because a fat hog removes less fertility from the farm than a lean one. Much depends upon the corn crop, however, as well as the market price of corn.

CARE OF YOUNG STOCK.

Young stock is often too much neglected. It is looked upon as something of little present value, but to be of value bye and bye. Hence, it is left to shift for itself, and this, too, during the very period in its existence when it should be most cared for and when its future value can be most enhanced. When young stock is left to pick up its food here and there, just as it can get it, it fares badly; and this is a chance when it is fed with older stock. A common result is stunted growth. Good shelter should be provided during the winter months, and separate from that of older stock, or at least so arranged that the young things may not be annoyed, for continued fear preys upon the young animal's system and interferes with growth.

CORN A PROFITABLE CROP.

In the eastern states, where dairying is a large industry, more land may be devoted to corn, not for sale or exportation, but to feed on the farm from the silo, or as to grain to the cattle and hogs and thus save purchasing. For the protein needed to balance the ration, clover or alfalfa may be grown for roughage, and soy beans will give the protein concentrate required.

These crops should make the dairy farmer almost independent, as little bran would be required. Then let him weed out his dairy, keeping no cow that does not give over 6,000 pounds of milk, or make 300 pounds of butter in a year. Corn, in my opinion, cannot be grown in the middle and eastern states in competition with the great west, for shipment. The grain and stover must be utilized on the farm and marketed in live stock or dairy products, to make the corn crop profitable to the farmer of the Ohio valley or the older eastern states.—Orange Judd Farmer.

HANDLING SHEEP WITH PROFIT.

I have a flock of about fifty ewes and keep them in a house 24x36 feet. This house is well ventilated, dry and I never allow my sheep to get wet during the winter, if I can help it. I have best results with lambs born during January and February. If the temperature is low all this time, so much the better. My single lambs average ten pounds apiece. When dropped I am on the lookout and transfer ewes and lambs to a basement pen with a temperature of thirty-five to forty and above.

The ewe gets a quart of oats per day and when the lamb is seven days old it is docked, and if a ram is castrated. I provide a box stall with a creep and in this I keep a supply of oats, so that the lambs can get at it when desired. I continue feeding them oats after grass comes. By this treatment January and February lambs sell at five cents a pound when six months old. They generally average 100 pounds per head. My ewe lambs kept over are sheared in July. During the season of '98 I reserved twenty ewes. These were sheared in July, the smallest one producing two and one-half pounds of wool. My flock was sheared the last of March in 1899, a few of the lambs at twelve months shearing eleven pounds. I keep Shropshires and like them.—P. B. Dietes in New England Homestead.

THE FRUIT BARK BEETLE.

Considerable interest has been aroused in not a few fruit growing localities over the depredations of what is known as the shot-hole borer. The following extracts taken from a report on this pest by Professor R. H. Petit, State Entomologist for Michigan, will probably be of interest and valuable to many who have or are liable to come in contact with this pest. The first intimation of the trouble is the discovery of numbers of small drops of gum exuding from punctures in the body or limbs of peach, plum, cherry or apple trees. A closer examination reveals a small round hole a little less than one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter under each drop of gum. If the outer bark around the hole be removed or pared away, a small burrow will be found to extend for a longer or shorter distance in the layer between the wood and the bark, sometimes branching considerably.

These burrows or galleries usually exhibit a definite arrangement when carefully examined. There is an egg chamber, along the sides of which the eggs are laid. When the young grubs hatch they commence boring a tunnel away from the brood chamber and continue until they attain their full size, when they go a little deeper and pupate, coming out in time through holes bored to the surface, as adult, winged beetles. The effect on a tree of a number of these borers usually leads to its death. The beetle itself is little more than one-sixteenth of an inch long, somewhat cylindrical, almost black in color, and is covered with minute punctures or pits. It belongs to the family of scolytidae or bark borers. The insect seems to prefer to work on trees that are in an unhealthy condition, hence one should strive to keep all trees healthy and vigorous. When a tree is but slightly attacked, the bark may be pared out where the tunnels are, or the trees coated with a whitewash mixed with paris green or arsenic. This wash is said to be an excellent preventative. If a tree is badly attacked, the cheapest and best way is to cut it out and burn it. If there happens to be a poor, worthless tree in the orchard, it is a good plan to girdle it in midsummer to induce the beetles to lay their eggs in it, and then cut it down and burn it before the beetles emerge, which is said to be about the middle of June. Several broods of insects are matured in one season.

KEEPING APPLES OVER WINTER.

At a meeting of the Missouri Valley Horticultural Society, one of the members gave a description of his method of keeping apples. His cellar is 80x40 feet, and about eight feet deep, built of stone. He sets the barrels (without heads) one on the other, three high. The cellar has a large double door in the end and regular temperature is maintained by opening and closing this. He opens at night to admit cool air and closes in the day time, and by this process a comparatively uniform temperature is maintained. The upper story cannot be kept as cool as the lower, and in this he keeps the apples that are to be sold before the holidays. In building such a structure he advises the use of stone in the lower part, but wood for the upper, as it can be kept cooler.

Another member reported that in his cellar he could keep from 3,000 to 4,000 bushels of apples. He first sprinkled a solution of coperas, then piled the apples in bins as high as possible. Upon being asked for his opinion on ventilation, he said that they did not want too much; that it was his experience that the apples exposed to the air, rotted worse than those in the middle. Apples left in piles have a greasy coating formed on the outside, and if they once reach this stage they are comparatively free from rot. This coating is formed in from six weeks to two months, and most of the rotting is done during this period. The cellars should be sprayed frequently to stop all fungus growth. He also advocated building storage houses over springs, as the flow of water will keep the house cool and also give sufficient ventilation.

FARM HINTS.

You cannot keep the poultry house too clean.

If you keep six cows it will pay you to have a hand separator.

There is not much profit in fattening pigs for spring porkers.

Don't neglect to give the pig-pen a coat of whitewash as often as required.

Avoid churning cream at a too high temperature, lest you injure the flavor and grain of the butter.

Keep the stables free from foul odors and filth of all kinds. Milk absorbs these things very readily.

Each cow should be milked by the same milker so far as practicable, and should have gentle treatment always.

Don't, dear dairyman, think of allowing any one to touch the butter by hand during the process of making it.

Milk at the same hour every day, and milk clean. There is more in this than some farmers are willing to admit.

Warm quarters must be provided for pigs in winter, or there is a waste of food to keep up the warmth, and growth is checked.

Is any one prepared to deny the statement that a ton of well cured and well kept corn fodder is not worth as much to feed as a ton of hay?

Don't try to keep any more hogs than you can properly care for. A few well kept are more profitable than a large number improperly kept.

A very good substitute for skim milk for pigs in winter is fine wheat middling, with a tablespoonful of linseed meal to each quart of the porridge.

A gallon of petroleum and a gallon of machine oil will make a mixture that will kill the lice on hogs. Mix it thoroughly and apply in a thin spray on the infested animals.

Breeding ewes should be fed at all times so as to keep themselves and their lambs in healthy growing condition and the early lambs should be forced by means of extra food given to the ewes.

Corn stalks, well cured, are a good roughage for cows, but where they are the principal feed, corn or corn meal should go with them. Give a ration of carrots and mangels, with a sprinkling of meal. It will pay.

A Wealthy Russian Magnate.

Prince Yousupoff, a Russian magnate of great wealth, has a most magnificent collection of diamonds, which is one of the most valuable in Europe. One of the collection, valued at 2,500,000 roubles, is kept at his fine estate at Mikhailovsk, another at Arkhangelsk, near Moscow; but the most valuable of all is at the Yousupoff palace at St. Petersburg. The latter is especially rich in historic stones.

TIME LOST IN LIFE.

Three-Eighths of One's Existence Is Practically Lost.

"I read the estimate prepared recently by the British Government with reference to longevity among men in the army," said a gentleman recently who is fond of mathematics, "and I do not care how much men may figure on the lengthening of life's average—the fact is, a fellow doesn't live so long after all. Life is very short when we come to think of it. It is, indeed, a fitful fever, to borrow the simile of the poet, and the distance between the cradle and the tomb is the span of one's hand. How much of a man's life is devoted to the actual work of accomplishing whatever his highest aim may be? Did you ever think about figuring on this problem? I have, because, I guess, I happen to have a penchant for mathematics. But it is interesting for other reasons. Of course, a fellow does nothing until after his twenty-first birthday. He must attain his majority before he enters upon the serious duties of life. Before this time he is passing the preparatory stages of life, and, theoretically, is equipping himself for its serious battles. Fifty years is the life of the average man, although life's general average figures down to a point much below this.

"Give the average man thirty years beyond the period when he becomes of age. I guess it would be safe to assume, even in this rushing age, that the average man will spend one hour and thirty minutes in eating, allowing for the time it takes him to go to and from his meals and in preparing for the table. We might safely figure that he spends an average of one hour and thirty minutes out of every twenty-four in other minor ways—in exchanging pleasantries with his friends and chatting on topics unrelated to his business, in winding his watch and in other indulgences of an innocent and harmless kind. This would make a total of nine hours out of every twenty-four that a man spends in doing things that are unrelated, in a strict sense, to his business. This amounts to three-eighths of the life that is before him. He has thirty years in which to do his work. He would devote eleven years and three months to sleep and to other things, as indicated, and would have nineteen years and nine months in which to do his little do.

"Twenty years looks like a good bit of time, but, when we come to this fearful thing of living for a purpose, expecting to endear ourselves to our countrymen and to accumulate a little money besides, the time does not seem long. The time is really much shorter than this when we allow for Sundays and social gatherings and prayer meetings and things of that sort, but as these functions do not figure in every man's life I have left them out."—Philadelphia Enquirer.

ERA OF HIGH SPEED.

Examples of the Strenuous Life on Transportation Lines.

This is an era of high speed. The feat of attaining a speed of 105 miles an hour on the electric railroad between Berlin and Zossen is the latest manifestation of the tendency of the age. This particular railroad has been built under the direction of the kaiser as primarily a military line, he having made up his mind to test the value of electric traction in war. Presumably its success will induce the country to be gridironed with electric lines as "first aids" in mobilization. The results of the speed trials are, however, commercially valuable, as indicating how important a factor electricity may become as a transportation agency, though we must know more than we know now of the conditions under which the German experiment was made before conclusions are absolutely safe as to the utilization of forces. A vast amount of knowledge remains to be attained before we can figure the commercial value of electricity as a motive power on a scale more extended than its present use.

But it is not alone in Germany that speeding up is the order of the day. Here in the United States the transcontinental lines are virtually being rebuilt, the reconstruction being pointed toward speed. The trip between Boston and the Pacific coast, which only a few years ago "spoiled" a week can now be made in four days and four hours. This time will be sharply cut when the improvements between Ogden and San Francisco, now in progress have been completed. Benton, we believe it was, who in the discussion of the Pacific railroad project was wont to point to the setting sun and say: "There is the east." The speed race on this continent is Westward, to gain the markets of the east. At the Pacific coast the fast-speeding trains will shortly be met by steamers much faster and much larger than any heretofore known in our China-Japan service.

All railroads tributary to the transcontinental system—and most lines are now—feel the influence of this expansion and are placing big orders for rolling stock. The entire output of American Locomotive Company for next year has been contracted for in advance when its capacity will be 2,000 locomotices per annum. For through business, for long hauls, the iron horse still more than holds its own. Nor can it be expected that it will be stabled for good until the doubts as to the cost of electricity for the same business have been resolved to the point of demonstrating that it is a cheaper agency than steam.—Boston Transcript.

A sea anemone taken from the Firth of Forth in 1828 lived and flourished in captivity until 1887.

PENNSYLVANIA BRIEFLY TOLD.

Condensed Special Dispatches From Many Points.

Pennsylvanians received these pensions: John Ludwig, Sizerville, $12; Henry Harmon, Pittsburg, $6; Vincent Amos, Scenery Hill, $10; Frederick Berthel, Washington, $12; William Morlock, McKeesport, $12; George Coy, Den Run, $10; Michael P. Dick, oaring Spring, $8; Joseph B. Milburn, Bristol, $12; Oliver Staley, Claysville, $12; Orion W. Miller, Tepleville, $12; Alfred M. Gorley, Uniontown, $10; Nancy Holmes, Millvillage, $12; Alfred Walton, Dicksonburg, $12; William H. Robinson, Pittsburg, $6; John H. Camp, South Oil City, $6; Martin S. Potter, Altoona, $10; Philip Johnson, Oil City, $6; Hiram Davis, Saegertown, $8.50; Johnson H. Crick, Rimersburg, $8; Daniel Simmons, Braddock, $12; Charles W. Smith, Dugall, $12; Samuel A. Morse, Leroy, $24; John Kelly, Sandy Lake, $10; Rhoda A. Adams, Russell, $8; Rachel Hilty, Pittsburg, $8; Mary H. West Vandergrift, $8; Lydia A. Cox, Wellsboro, $25; Sarah A. Fruit, Transfer, $8; Julia A. Sourwine, Rockford, $8.

Amos A. Hassler, a 15-year-old son of George Hassler, of Ephrata, was found dead at the home of George Harman, at Penryn. Hassler retired in apparently good health, but investigation by the coroner's physician showed that pneumonia developed during the night and the boy was smothered to death.

When the kitchen fire at the home of Harry Sigafoos, at Pittston, would not burn, Mrs. Sigafoos poured kerosene on it. The can of oil caught fire and exploded, setting fire to the woman's clothes. Her husband rushed to her assistance and his own clothes caught fire Both are seriously burned. The house was destroyed by the fire that ensued.

Owen McLain, aged 73 years, a watchman on the Lehigh Valley Railroad at Girardville, on leaving for home in the evening fixed the fire in his watch-box and locked the door. Next morning he found the door open and the fire out After making preparations to kindle a fresh fire, he was about to apply the match when he discovered in the bottom of the stove a fuse to which was attached a cap and three sticks of dynamite.

Judge Harry White, who sat in the court appointed for the Barker-O'Connor judicial contest, in Blair county, has received three threatening letters. While attending the session of the court he received two letters saying that if Barker were seated, there would be trouble for him. A third letter was found by Judge White at his home. It was mailed at Jefferson and declared: "The people here are not going to take any fooling. You Judge, are safer at home. It has been remarked that a Yankee was as safe at Gettysburg as you are at Ebensburg. Barker will never be Judge—there will be some one drop before it is over." The contest concluded a few days ago by the withdrawal of Barker.

Charters were issued by the State Deparment to the following corporations: Steelton & New Cumberland Bridge Co., Harrisburg; capital, $1,000. The Farmers & Mechanics' Trust Co., Mercer; capital, $125,000. The Scranton "Journal" Publishing Company, Scranton; capital, $6,000. Davies Textile Company, Frankford; capital, $100,000. Standard Connecting Rod Company, Beaver Falls; capital, $30,000. Pittsburg & Brady's Bend Railroad Co., to build seven miles of road in Clarion, Armstrong and Butler counties; capital, $70,000; president, Edward Wilkins Dewey, New York.

Under the order sent out by officers of the American Steel & Wire Company of Pittsburg, a pension department has been created in that organization. Its provisions retire from active service and under pension all employees who attain a certain age or whose physical condition necessitates a relief from duty. The new order went into effect January 1. The company has about 20,000 employees. A fixed fund, the amount of which has not yet been announced, has been set aside by the Company. It will be placed in charge of a committee of disbursement. A board of arbitration, to be announced hereafter, will be appointed to frame regulations.

State Treasurer Barnett reports that at the close of business on December 31, there was $4,390,631.57 in the general fund of the State Treasury. Philadelphia banks held the following sums: Farmers and Mechanics' National, $156,560.11; Quaker City National, $639,256.92; Corn Exchange National, $75,000; National Bank, Germantown, $30,000; Ridge Avenue Bank, $20,000; Sixth National, $30,000; Southwark National, $30,000.

Auditor General Hardenbergh will proceed against a number of corporations which have not complied with the law passed by the last Legislature requiring them to pay to the State treasury a bonus on their authorized increase of capital stock. It is alleged that in many instances this increase has been made and not reported, and the law punishes such delinquents to the extent of forfeiting their charters.

Having read of the action of the Mayor of McKeesport in offering to acknowledge total abstinence oaths on New Year's Day free of charge, Alderman Alexander M. Snyder, of Lebanon, announced that during this whole year he will administer swearing-off oaths without price. He has added the stipulation that all violations of the oath are to be punishable with thirty days in jail. Already a large number of persons have taken the oath.

Dairy and Food Commissioner Cope has turned over to the State Treasury $1,600 collected from violators of the "oleo" and pure food law. Of the sum $735 was paid by dealers convicted in Westmoreland county.

The lower public school building in the Second Ward, Allentown, was damaged by fire to the extent of $2,000. The fire occurred before any of the pupils were in the building. The old part of the schoolhouse was one of the two buildings in which the first homeopathic medical college in the world was started, this being the institution out of which Hannemann College in Philadelphia grew. It has been used for public school purposes many years.

Ida, the 5-year-old daughter of Henry Urban, of Lancaster, was burned to death, the result of playing with matches.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

Bradstreet's says: Satisfaction with the old and confidence in the new year are the dominant features of the entire industrial, commercial and financial situation. The week has naturally been quiet to the verge of dullness as regards new business, the main attention being concentrated in gathering up the threads of old business, in stock taking and in preparations for the future.

A conspicuous exception to the general quietness is found in the iron and steel situation, which gains rather than loses activity.

Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 4,818,471 bushels, as against 4,291,543 last week and 3,914,301 in this week last year. Wheat exports, July 1 to date (twenty-seven weeks) aggregate 149,746,561 bushels, as against 96,866,545 last season.

Corn exports aggregate 270,236 bushels, as against 424,336 last week and 4,470,521 last year. July 1 to date corn exports are 20,820,751 bushels, as against 97,648,865 last season.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 270, as against 219 last week, 268 in this week last year, 229 in 1900, and 237 in 1899, 333 in 1898, and 488 in 1897.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Flour.—Best Patent, $4.75; High Grade Extra, $4.25; Minnesota Baker's, $3.20a3.40.

Wheat.—New York No. 2, 89½c; Philadelphia No. 2, 84½a85c; Baltimore No. 2, 85¼c.

Corn.—New York, No. 2, 70¾c; Philadelphia No. 2, 66½c; Baltimore No. 2, 68¼c.

Oats.—New York No. 2, 52c; Philadelphia No. 2, 54c; Baltimore No. 2, 53½c.

FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.—There is much room for improvement in the sale of the various lines of fruits and vegetables quoted under this head. The market has holiday appearance throughout and transactions are confined mainly to small lots for immediate wants. Prices, in the main, firm. We quote: Apples—Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, packed, per brl. $3.00a3.75; do. New York, assorted, per brl. $3.50a4.25; do. No. 2s, all varieties, per brl. $2.50a3.00; do. Fancy Eastern, per brl. $4.00a4.25; do. Fancy Kings, per brl. $4.25a4.50; do. New York Gills, per brl. $4.50a5.00; do. No. 1 Baldwins, per brl. $3.75a4.25; do. York Imperials, per brl. $4.00a4.25; do. Fancy Rambo, per brl. $4.00a4.25; do. Western Ben Davis, per brl. 3.75a4.25. Cabbage—New York State, per ton, domestic, $8.00a9.00; do. Danish, per ton, $10.00a11.00. Carrots—Native, per bushel box, 35a40c; do. per bunch, 1a1½c. Celery—New York State, per dozen stalks, 20a50c.; do. native, per bunch, 2½a3. Cranberries—Cape Cod, per brl. $7.00a7.50; do. Jerseys, per brl. $6.00a7.00; do. Cape Cod and Jerseys, per box $2.00a2.25. Kale—Native, per bushel box, 12½a15c. Lettuce—North Carolina, per basket, $1.00a1.25; do. New Orleans, per brl. $3.50a4.00; do. Florida, per half-barrel basket $1.00a1.50. Onions—Maryland and Pennsylvania, yellow, per bu. $1.25a1.35; do. Western, yellow, per bu. $1.25a1.35; do. Western, white, per bu. $1.40 Potatoes.—White Maryland and Pennsylvania, per bu., No. 1, 80a85c; do do, do, seconds, 65a75; New York, per bu., best stock, 80a90; do do, do, seconds, 55a75; Western, per bu., prime, 80a90. Sweets—Eastern Shore Virginia, kiln-dried, per brl., $1.75a2.25; do do, do, per flour brl., $2.00a2.50; do do, do, per brl., frosted, 50ca$1.00; Eastern Shore Maryland, per brl., fancy, $2.00a2.25; Anne Arundel, per brl., No. 1, $2.00a2.25; Richmond's, per brl., No. 1, $2.00a2.25; North Carolina, per brl., fancy, $2.00a2.25.

Dressed Poultry.—Turkeys—Fancy, head and feet off, 13a14c; do., good to choice, head and feet off, 12a13c; do., poor to medium, —a10c. Ducks, head and feet off, 12a13c. Chickens—Young, head and feet off, choice, —a11c; do., mixed, —a10c; do., poor to medium, —a9c. Geese, head and feet off, 10½a11c. Turkeys—Fancy, head and feet on, 13a13½c; do., good to choice, head and feet on, —a12c; do., poor to medium, —a10c. Ducks, head and feet on, good to choice, 11a12c. Chickens—Young, head and feet on, choice, —a10½c; do., mixed, do., do., 9a9½c; do., poor to medium, —a8c; Geese—Head and feet on, good to choice, —a10c.

Eggs.—We quote: Western Maryland and Pennsylvania, per dozen, 26a—c; Eastern Shore (Maryland and Virginia) per dozen, 26a—c; Virginia, per dozen, 26a—c; West Virginia, do., 25a26c; Western, do., 26a—c; Southern, do., 22a23c; guinea, per dozen, —a—. Cold storage, choice, at mark, per dozen, 18a19c; do., do., loss off, do., 20a21c. Jobbing prices ½ to 1 cent higher.

Butter.—Creamery separator, 26a27c; creamery gathered cream, 22a23c; creamery imitation, 19a20c.

Cheese.—New cheese, large, 60 pounds, 10¾a11c; do., flats, 37 pounds, 11a11¼c; picnics, 23 pounds, 11¼a11½c.

Live Stock.

Chicago.—Cattle—Good to prime, $6.50a7.75; poor to medium, $4a6.25; stockers and feeders, $2a4.25; cows, $1.25a4.65; heifers, $2a5.25; canners, $1.25a2.30; bulls, $2.25a4.65. Calves, $3a6.50; Texas-fed steers, $3a4.90. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $6a6.60; good to choice heavy, $6.35a6.70; rough heavy, $6a6.35; light, $6.10a6.40. Sheep steady to strong; lambs strong to 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4.25a4.85; Western sheep, fed, $4.25a4.60; native lambs, $3.50a6.10; Western lambs, fed, $5a5.90.

East Liberty.—Cattle—Choice, $6.20a6.40; prime, $5.85a6; good, $5.35a6.35; fair, $4.30a4.50; common, $2.75a3.75. Hogs—Fair to prime heavies, $6.55a6.65; best mediums, $6.45a6.50; heavy Yorkers, $6.30a6.40; light do., $6 10a6.20; pigs, $5.90a6.00; roughs, $5a6. Sheep—Best wethers, $3.90a4.15; good, $3.40a3.75; mixed, $2.50a3.25; culls and common, $1a2; yearlings, $3a4.50; lambs, $4a6.10; veal calves, $7a8.

LABOR AND INDUSTRY

There are 25,000 union clerks.

Canada has a department of labor.

China is to have an American bank.

Journeymen tailors have 240 unions.

'Frisco blacksmiths enjoy the nine-hour day.

Bakers announce seventy-two new unions the past year.

Laundry union label is used in twenty-two cities.

Musicians issued forty-three charters during last year.

Los Angeles has a Woman's Union Label League.

At Stockton, Cal., no union men idle in any line of trade.

Oats For Hay.

We have found oats for hay to be an easy and profitable crop; but to be a success, they should be planted in the fall. The quality of the soil must determine largely the time of planting. We want to get the oats well started; but we do not want too large a growth before real cold weather sets in; for if they have begun to run up, they are more liable to be killed back badly. On the other hand, if the cold comes before they are firmly established, the freezing and thawing is likely to throw the plants out of the ground, especially on clay land, for such land expands and contracts very much more than loamy or sandy soil under the action of cold and moisture.

The Georgia Experiment Station has adopted a system of drilling their oat seed in the bottom of small furrows, which places the bud of the oats below the general surface, thus making the soil give it a partial protection. But their method of planting only two rows at a time is rather laborious, and until some better tool has been found for putting in the seed than the drill they use, the practice will not be generally adopted. If the oats are planted at the right time the danger from winter killing is not great, and only in a very exceptionally cold time will your stand be destroyed. Also, if the winter grazing or Turf Oats are sown instead of the Rust-Proof, the chances of success will be still greater; while if your object is hay, these Turf Oats are decidedly preferable, as the straw is more tender and stock eat it up clean, where they leave a large part of the stiff Rust-Proof straw.

We had one exceptionally fine acre of these Turf Oats last spring, from which we gathered ten big two-horse wagon loads of excellent hay. The oats stood from four to six feet high all over the field, and were cut just as the top grains began to reach the dough state, and while the straw was green. We have been feeding our nine head of horses and mules on this hay all summer, with the addition of a small feed of corn once a day, and they have kept in fine condition, doing heavy work all the time.

The land on which these best oats were grown was a stiff clay loam, and had been manured the year before; the land was in tomatoes at the time we broke it up for oats. Where land has been well broken in the spring we do not usually rebreak for oats; but in this case we had had some very hard rains, and the land had run together and become hard, making its physical condition so poor that a replowing seemed necessary. It was rather dry at the time, and the land broke up lumpy, necessitating considerable work to make it fine; but we worked it down, replowed, and worked it down again before sowing two bushels of seed to the acre.

If land is broken deeply for any winter grain crop, great care must be taken to work it down until the seed-bed is fine and firm, otherwise the grain roots cannot get a good hold and will be more liable to suffer from the cold. The unusual success of this acre of oats was undoubtedly due to the extra work put on the seed-bed, for we had other oats on equally good land planted at the same time whose yield was not much over half as large.

Oats are strong feeders and very large users of potash and nitrogen; the analysis of oats in bloom about the time they are cut for hay, show them to contain ammonia, 1.19 per cent.; phosphoric acid, .67 per cent., and potash, 2.54 per cent. If your land is strong and you have a good pea-vine stubble to sow your oats on, your soil will probably contain a sufficiency of ammonia; if it does not, it will be shown by the oats themselves by their light green or yellowish appearance, and this can be corrected in the spring by an application of about 100 pounds of nitrate of soda to the acre. The main thing to concern ourselves about now is the phosphoric acid and potash.

Now, if we wish to obtain the best results, the proportions of these ingredients should vary according to the texture of our soil; of course, no iron-clad rules can be laid down, but general experience has shown us that light, sandy soils are more deficient in potash than red clay soils; I would, therefore, recommend for light soils a fertilizer analyzing ten per cent. phosphoric acid, and ten per cent. potash, made by combining 1600 pounds acid phosphate with 400 pounds muriate of potash to make a ton; for heavy clay soils a fertilizer analyzing about twelve per cent. phosphoric acid and five per cent. potash, made by combining 1800 pounds acid phosphate with 200 pounds muriate of potash. This fertilizer applied at the rate of 300 or 400 pounds to the acre should insure a fine crop. You can apply it broadcast after the oats are plowed or worked in; or better still, harrow it in about two weeks before planting.—Professor F. J. Merriam, Battle Hill, Ga.

A Poisonous Tree.

One of the most extraordinary trees in the world is found in Madagascar. It is known as the tangen tree, and because it abounds in poison the name tanghinia venenifera has been given to it by botanists. In the criminal records of Madagascar it has played a notable part until quite recently. Whenever an accused person was brought into court, fruit from the tree, about the size of an apple, was handed to him by an attendant. Thereupon the judge, who was surrounded by several witnesses, bade him eat the fruit, and assured him that if it produced no ill effects he would be deemed innocent of the charge which had been made against him. On the other hand, if the poison in the fruit killed him, he would be considered guilty. Many unfortunate persons, it is said, lost their lives in this way.

The Publicity of It.

"You oughtn't to have turned me down that way, Luella," said young Spoonamore, as they rode home from the swell party.

"In what way?" innocently asked Miss Quickstep.

"Kept me dancing attendance on you all evening, and when I tried to talk to you, as I did several times, you turned your back on me. Is that the way all young women treat the men they're engaged to marry?"

"Yes, if the men are too fresh."

"Was I too fresh?"

"A little, dear."

"Did you want to humiliate me before all those people?"

"Oh, no," she said, lightly. "But you needed the treatment—or suppose we call it an operation—and I had to perform the operation. If everybody saw it I couldn't help it."

"So you call it an operation do you?' he said, glaring at her in the darkness of the carriage. "Well, it was more than that!"

"What was it?"

"It was a clinic!"

And they rode on in silence.

An Encouraging Trade Outlook.

It was in the morning hours of "bake day" in the little out-of-the-way village. The mingled odors of fresh bread, pies, and cookies floated out of the open kitchen windows.

From one of the smaller cottages at the end of the street came a barefooted child in a colorless calico dress and slat sunbonnet. With the important air of a heavy buyer she entered the village store, and handed across the counter a blue teacup. The proprietor took the cup, and said, in brisk tones:

"Well, Emmy, what does your ma want today?"

"Please, sir, ma wants an egg's worth of molasses," and she carefully placed a large white egg on the counter.

From a stone jug a little molasses was poured, and the cup set before the customer.

"Mr. Smif," she said, as she took her purchase. "I'll be back in a little while for some ginger. Ma said to tell you the black hen was on."

And the buyer walked with dignity out the store door and up the village street to her home.—Harper's Magazine

When He Was Twenty-One.

There is a young criminal lawyer in the city who, on the occasion of his becoming of age, began the celebration of his birthday in a way that caused his household a great deal of consternation.

On the eve on the fete, shortly after midnight, the young man's family were suddenly startled from their slumbers by a loud voice in the house calling, "There's a man in the house! There's a man in the house!"

The valiant paterfamilias rushed from his room, bearing in his hands a heavy billet of fire wood, to learn the cause of the disturbance and to capture the intruder. His son was standing in the hall, shouting at the top of his voice.

"Where's the man?" exclaimed the old gentleman.

"Here, sir; here!" proudly replied the young man. "This is he. At last I'm 21!"

Chose the Better Part.

"I was in Manila for sixteen months," said the returned soldier, "and during all that time I met with but one native whose veracity could not be questioned. He was a sort of servant for three or four of us, and one day I missed a dollar and asked him if he hadn't stolen it."

"'I have, senor,' was his prompt reply.

"'And you are a thief."

"'I am.'

"'But why didn't you lie about it?' I asked.

"'Oh, because it is greater to be a thief than a liar!' he replied as he cocked his hat on his ear and went strutting around.

Coughing

"I was given up to die with quick consumption. I then began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I improved at once, and am now in perfect health."—Chas. E. Hartman, Gibbstown, N. Y.

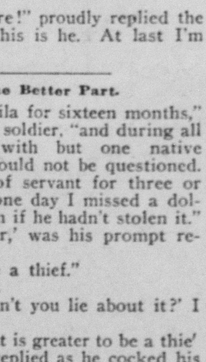
It's too risky, playing with your cough.

The first thing you know it will be down deep in your lungs and the play will be over. Begin early with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and stop the cough.

Three sizes: 25c., 50c., $1. All druggists.

Consult your doctor. If he says take it, then do as he says. If he tells you not to take it, then don't take it. He knows. Leave it with him. We are willing.
J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

Poor Soils



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GRASP OPPORTUNITIES.

Dr. Talmage Says New Year Will Be One of the Greatest of All Time.

The World's Normal Condition Will Be Reformed.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—In this, Dr. Talmage's first discourse for the new year he speaks words of encouragement to all the timid and doubting. The text is Exodus xii, 2, "This month shall be unto you the beginning of months; it shall be the first month of the year to you."

The last month of the old year has passed out of sight, and the first month of the new years has arrived. The midnight gate last Wednesday opened and January entered. She deserves a better name, for she is called after Janus, the heathen deity who, they supposed, presided over doors, and so might be expected to preside at the opening of the year. This month was of old called the wolf month because, through the severity of its weather, the hungry wolves came down seeking food and devouring human life. In the missals of the middle ages January was represented as attired in white, suggestive of the snow, and blowing the fingers, as though suffering from the cold, and having a bundle of wood under the arm, suggestive of the warmth that must be kindled.

Yes, January is the open door of the year, and through that door will come what long processions, some of them bearing palm leaves and some myrtle, others with garlands of wheat and others with cypress and mistletoe. They are coming, and nothing can keep them back—the events of a twelvemonth. It will, I think, be one of the greatest years of all time. It will abound with blessing and disaster. National and international controversies of momentous import will be settled. Year of coronation and dethronement, year that will settle Cuban and Porto Rican and Philippine and South African and Chinese destinies. The tamest year for many a decade past has dug its millions of graves and reared its millions of marriage altars.

We can expect greater events in this year than ever before, for the world's population has so vastly increased there are so many more than in any other year to laugh and weep and triumph and perish. The mightier wheels of mechanism have such wider sweep. The fires are kindled in furnaces not seven times but seventy times heated. The velocities whirling through the air and sailing the seas and tunneling the mountains will make unprecedented demonstration.

Would to God that before the now opening year has closed the earth might cease to tremble with the last cannonade and the heavens cease to be lighted up with any more conflagration of homesteads and the foundries that make swords be turned into blacksmith shops for making plowshares.

The front door of a stupendous year has opened. Before many of you there will be twelve months of opportunity for making the world better or worse, happier or more miserable. Let us pray that it may be a year that will indicate the speedy redemption of the hemisphere. Would to God that this might be the year in which the three great instruments now chiefly used for secular purposes might be put to their mightiest use in the world's evangelization—the telegraph, the telephone, the phonograph. Electricity has such potent tongue, such strong arm, such swift wing, such lightning foot, that it occurs to me that it may be the angel that St. John saw and heard in apocalyptic vision when he started back and cried out, "I saw another angel flying in the midst of heaven having the everlasting gospel to preach unto them that dwell on the earth and to every nation and kindred and tongue and people."

They were tongues of fire that sat on the heads of the disciples at the Pentecost, and why not the world called to God by tongue of electric fire? Prepare your batteries and make ready to put upon the wires the world wide message of "whosoever will."

Furthermore, this month of January has the greatest height and depth of cold. The rivers are bound in crystal chains. The fountains that made highest leap in the summer parks now toss not one jet, for every drop would be a frozen tear. The sleds craunch through the hard snow. Warmest attire the wardrobe can afford is put on that we may defend ourselves against the fury of the elements. Hardest of all the months for the poor, let it be the season of greatest generosity on the part of the prosperous. How much a scuttle of coal or a pair of shoes or a coat or a shawl may do in assuagement of suffering between the 1st of January and the 1st of February God only knows. Seated by our warm registers or wrapped in furs which make us independent of the cutting January blast, let us not forget the fireless hearth and the thin garments and the hacking cough and the rheumatic twinge of those who through destitution find life in winter an agony. Suppose each one of us take under charge one poverty-stricken household or one disabled man or one invalided woman. On our way home from such a charity, though the wind may be howling and the night tempestuous, I should not wonder if we could hear a voice that was heard on Galilee and at the gates of Nain and by the pool of Bethesda saying, "Inasmuch as ye did it to them, ye did it to Me."

Oh, the might of the cold! The arctic and antarctic invading the temperate zone! The victories of the frost—as when the Thames in 1205 became firm as any bridge and the inhabitants crossed and recrossed on the ice and booths and places of temporary amusement were built on the hardened surface; as when many years ago New York Harbor was paved with ice so that the people passed on foot to the adjoining islands. But the full story of the cold will never be known. The lips which would have told it were frozen and the fingers that would have written it were benumbed. Only here and there a fact appears. In 1691 the cold was so terrific that the wolves entered Vienna. In 1468 it was so cold that wine was cut with hatchets and distributed among the soldiers. In 1234 a whole forest was killed by the cold at Ravenna. In 763 the Black Sea was frozen over. As we go further back the frosts are mightier, but as we come further down the frosts lessen.

The worst severities have been halted, and the snows have lost their depths, and the thermometers announce less terrific falls of temperature, and the time will come when the year will be one long summer of foliage and bloom. While the world's normal condition will be reformed, the worst climates will be corrected. You could not have a millennium with a January blast possible.

Do not read your almanac backward. Do not go out and ask the trees hung with icicles by January storm whether they will ever again blossom in May and leaf in June. We are moving toward the world's redemption. The frozen tears will melt, the river of gladness will resume its flow, the crocus will come up at the edge of the snowbank, the morning star will open the door for the day, and the armies of the world will "ground arms" all around the world.

The January of frost will be abolished, and the balm and radiance of a divine atmosphere will fill the nations. If you do not see it and hear it for yourself I think at the utmost your grandchildren will see and hear it. The heavens will take part in the conflict between righteousness and sin, and that will settle it, and settle it aright, and settle it forever.

In this very month of January, 1643, two months after a great battle had been fought between the army of the king and the army of Parliament, shepherds and travelers between 12 and 1 o'clock at night heard the battle repeated in the skies—the sound of drums, the clash of arms, the groans of dying men and then the withdrawal of the scene into complete silence. These shepherds and travelers repeated in the neighboring towns what they heard, and large numbers of people, expecting that all was a deception, went out on the following night, and they heard the same uproar and tumult in the heavens—the two armies in battle. The king, hearing of this seeming combat in the heavens, sent embassadors to inquire into the mystery. In the night they also heard the conflict and came back to the king and took solemn oath as to this mysterious occurrence.

Whether those shepherds and travelers and embassadors of the king were in delusion I cannot say, but this I know—that the forces of God and the forces of Satan are now in combat, the heavens as well as the earth in struggle as to who shall win this world for blessedness or woe, and, as the armies of God are mightier than the armies diabolic, we know who will triumph, and we have a right to shout the victory through our Lord Jesus Christ.

The King of Kings, the Lord of Hosts, the God of Joshua and Havelock, leads in the conflict. I have no fear about the tremendous issue. My only fear is that we will not be found in the ranks and fully armed to do our part in this campaign of the eternities.

Again, I remark that the month of January has seen many of the most stupendous events in the world's history and a rocking of cradles and the digging of graves that have affected nations. In this month American independence was declared, followed by Lexington and Bunker Hill and Monmouth and Valley Forge and Yorktown. January saw the proclamation that abolished American slavery. Though at the time there were two mighty opinions and they were exactly opposed—those who liked the document and those who disliked it—there is but one opinion now, and if it were put to vote in all the States of the South, "Shall slavery be reinstated?" there would be an overwhelming vote of "No!" The pen with which the document was signed and the inkstand that contained the ink are relics as sacred and valuable as the original Declaration of Independence, with all its erasures and interlineations. The institution which for seventy or eighty years kept the nation in angry controversy has disappeared, and nothing is left to fight about. The North and the South to-day are in as complete accord as ever were flute and cornet in the same orchestra.

The North has built its factories on the banks of the Chattahoochee and the Roanoke, and the South has sent many of its ables attorneys into our northern courthouses, its most skilful physicians into our sick rooms, its wisest bankers into our exchanges, its most consecrated ministers into our pulpits—all this the result of the proclamation of January 1, 1863.

Furthermore, I notice that January has been honored with the nativity of some of the greatest among the nations. Edmund Burke was born this month, the marvel and glory of the legal world; Fenelon of the religious world, Benjamin Franklin of the philosophic world, William H. Prescott of the historic world, Sir John Moore of the military world, Robert Burns of the poetic world, Polycarp of the martyr world, Peter the Great of the kingly world, Daniel Webster of the statesman world.

But I cannot read the epitaphs of one out of a hundred illustrious graves in this first month of the year. Many of those well known gained half their renown and did half their work through the help of those of whom we know little or nothing. Lord Herschel is known all the world over and will be known through all time, but little is said of her who was born this first month of the year, and without whose help he never could have been what he was—his sister, Caroline Lucretia Augusta. She helped him hunt the worlds. She repaired and adjusted his telescopes. She ciphered out his astronomical problems. She was his amanuensis. She planned for him his work. She discovered seven comets and made "A Catalogue of Nebulae and Star Clusters." The month of January introduced her to the observatories, but she has never been properly introduced to the world.

Cultivate faith in God and the feeling that He will do for you that which is best, and you will be ready for either sunshine or shadow. The other eleven months of the year 1902 will not all be made up of gladness or of grief. The cup that is all made up of sweetness is insipid.

Between these just opened gates of the year and the closing of those gates there will be many times when you will want God. You will have questions to decide which will need supernatural impulse. There may be illnesses of the body or perplexities of mind or spiritual exhaustions to be healed and comforted and strengthened. During the remaining twenty-six days of this month lay in a supply of faith and hope and courage for all the days of the eleven months. Start right, and you will be apt to keep right.

Before the ship captain gets out of the New York Narrows he makes up his mind what sea route he will take. While you are in the narrows of this month make up your mind which way you will sail and unroll your chart and set your compass and have the lifeboats well placed on the davits and be ready for smooth voyage all the way across or the swoop of a Caribbean whirlwind.

Rev. Solomon Spaulding was for some time in poor health, and to while away the time he wrote a preposterous religious romance. One Joseph Smith somehow got hold of that book before it was printed and published it as a revelation of heaven, calling it the "Book of Mormon," and from that publication came Mormonism, the monster abomination of the earth. Rev. Solomon Spaulding might have been better engaged than writing that book of falsehoods. However much time we have, we never have time to do wrong. Harness January for usefulness, and it will take the following months in its train. Oh, how much you may do for God between now and the 31st of next December!

The beautiful "weeping willow" tree was introduced by Alexander Pope into England from a twig which the poet found in a Turkish basket of figs. He planted that twig, and from it came all the weeping willows of England and America, and your smallest planting of good many under God become an influence continental and international.

Now that the train of months has started, let it pass, January followed by February, with longer days, and March, with its fierce winds; and April, with its sudden showers; and May, with its blossoming orchards; and June, with its carnival of flowers; and July, with its harvests; and August, with its sweltering heats; and September, with its drifting leaves; and October, with its frosts; and November, with its Thanksgiving scenes; and December, with its Christmas hilarities. March on, O battalion of months, in the regiments of the years and the brigades of the centuries! March on and join the months and years and centuries already passed until all the rivers of time have emptied into the ocean of eternity, but none of all of the host ought to render higher thanks to God or take larger comfort or make more magnificent resolve than this the first month of the new year.

But what fleet foot hath the months and years! People lightly talk about how they kill time. Alas, it dies soon enough without killing. And the longer we live the swifter it goes. William C. Bryant said an old friend of his declared that the going of time is like the drumming of the partridge or muffled grouse in the woods, falling slow and distinct at first and then following each other more and more rapidly till they end at last in a whirring sound. But Dr. Young, speaking of the value of time, startlingly exclaimed, "Ask deathbeds!"

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ANOTHER REMARKABLE CASE.

Which the Doctors Failed to Cure or Understand.

A medical man, as a rule, dislikes to acknowledge the value of a proprietary medicine. In fact, professional etiquette debars him from doing so. Yet there are many eminent physicians, those most advanced in their professions, who give full credit to the great curative properties of Vogeler's Curative Compound from the fact that it is manufactured by an old and reliable company, proprietors of St. Jacobs Oil, from the formula of a brother physician, who to-day stands in the front ranks of the most eminent medical men in London, and on account of its intrinsic merit it is largely prescribed by the medical profession, but in the case which we are about to relate the attending physician called it "rubbish," but as it turned out Mrs. Nettleton tells the doctor that "rubbish or not, it saved her life."

Mrs. Nettleton graphically relates the particulars of her own case, which will doubtless be of interest to many of our lady readers:

"I had been an intense sufferer for many years from dyspepsia, liver and kidney troubles, when a little pamphlet was placed in my hands, and, although at that time I had been bedridden for more than six months, I determined, after reading some of the wonderful testimonials therein of cases similar to mine, which had been completely cured by the timely use of Vogeler's Curative Compound, to try some, especially as my doctors failed to even benefit me, and I had almost given up all hope of ever being well again. It is most interesting and, in fact, marvelous to relate, that the very first dose of fifteen drops relieved me. It was not long before I was able to get up and about; three months from taking the first dose I was enjoying better health than I had been for fourteen years. I continued well until a few months back, when I was taken ill again, my troubles being dyspepsia and constipation. I had a doctor attending me for a month, but continued to grow worse, until I again found myself bedridden, when I bethought myself of my old medicine, Vogeler's Curative Compound, which I immediately sent for and took in place of the doctor's medicine; at that time I had not had a movement of the bowels for five days, but Vogeler's Curative Compound soon put me on my feet again; in fact, completely cured me a second time, but, of course, this attack was not as bad as the first, yet I fully believe I should not have been alive to-day had it not been for Vogeler's Curative Compound. If I had only thought to have taken it when my last illness took place I should not only have been saved much suffering, but a $75 doctor's bill."

Mrs. Nettleton said: "I have recommended Vogeler's Curative Compound for indigestion and eczema, and in every case it has proved a cure, beyond doubt. Mr. Swinbank, our chemist, has sent me the names of no end of people who have been cured by Vogeler's Curative Compound. By the way, the proprietors have so much confidence in this great London physician's discovery, that they will send a sample free to any person sending name and address, naming this paper." St. Jacobs Oil Co., 205 Clay St., Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. Nettleton is a confectioner in the Brighton Road, where she has been established many years, and is honoured and respected by all classes. Her statements as regards Vogeler's Curative Compound may, therefore, be regarded as reliable evidence of its great value.

In Newfoundland and Labrador cramps are said to be guarded against by carrying a cod's head or a bone from a haddock caught without touching the boat.

The ratio of mortality in Switzerland has decreased one-fourth in thirty years.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYE [illegible] to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

Norway's coast line is 1700 miles in a straight line, but over 12,000 if followed round the fjords.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886. A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Some fellows are ready to stand up for the fair sex until they find themselves in a crowded car.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 10th.—A very timely and practical suggestion comes from a physician of this city; he says: "Take Garfield Tea, the Herb Medicine. It is especially needed at this season, when the system is apt to be out of order from eating rich food. This wonderful remedy cleanses the system and regulates the liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels. It is simple, pure and effective, and is good for young and old."

Four per cent. of sailing vessels and two and one-half per cent of steamships are lost in a year.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Automobiles have established a mile-a-minute record.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila. Pa.

Some men take time by the forelock, while others hang on to his coat tails.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Love letters are eagerly scanned by the mail inspectors.

I am sure Piso's Cure for Consumption saved my life three years ago.—MRS. THOMAS ROBBINS, Maple St., Norwich, N.Y., Feb. 17, 1900.

Our own misfortunes are always the greatest.

Tetter is Terrible.

But Tetterine cures it. "My wife has had Tetter for twenty years, and Tetterine is the only thing that does her good. Send a box."—A. J Crane, Crane, Miss. 50c. a box by mail from J. T. Shuptrine, Savannah, Ga., if your druggist don't keep it.

Londoners each give on an average twenty-two shillings to charity.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

Only five in 1000 criminals are under twelve years of age.

A NOTED PHYSICIAN

Makes an Important Statement of Interest to All Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—The honest, intelligent physician is above the 'School.' Whatever is best in each case should be used, no matter to what school a physician belongs. I, as a matter of conscience, can only pre-

DR. WANATA, of Lansing, Mich.

scribe the best, and as I know and have proven that there is nothing in Materia Medica which equals **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** in severe cases of female disorders, I unhesitatingly prescribe it, and have never yet been sorry. I know of nothing better for ovarian troubles and for falling of the womb or ulcerations; it absolutely restores the affected parts to their normal condition quicker and better than anything else. I have known it to cure barrenness in women, who to-day are happy mothers of children, and while the medical profession looks down upon 'patents,' I have learned, instead, to look up to the healing potion, by whatever name it be known. If my fellow physicians dared tell the truth, hundreds of them would voice my sentiments."—DR. WANATA, Lansing, Mich.

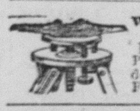
$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

The record of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** cannot be equalled. Accept no substitute.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address Lynn, Mass.

Wills Pills Lead the World. Are You Sick?

Send your name and P. O. address to
The R. B. Wills Medicine Co., Hagerstown, Md.



W. C. HOLMES Improved Farm Level "Eclipse." Best up-to-date level made. Price $4.50 with rod. Write for descriptive circular. 12 North Forsyth St., Atlanta, Ga.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. BNU 2. IT PAYS

DO YOU SHOOT?
If you do you should send your name and address on a postal card for a
WINCHESTER
GUN CATALOGUE. IT'S FREE.
It illustrates and describes all the different Winchester Rifles, Shotguns and Ammunition, and contains much valuable information. Send at once to the
Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.

SYRUP OF FIGS

Acts Gently;
Acts Pleasantly;
Acts Beneficially;
Acts truly as a Laxative.

Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y.

For sale by all druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1902.

Shoe News

of Interest to Everybody.

If our Shoe news fails to interest the whole family we must have a poor advertising writer, for we have the Newest, the Best and the Largest variety of Shoes to be found in Bellefonte. If you want points on what is in vogue for Men and Boys', Ladies and Misses' wear, just look at our special ideas in Winter Shoes. Come here first and you will buy here. Those who have been "looking around" and then come here, buy here, too.

Mingle's Shoe Store,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Union, morning; Georges Valley afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 2.30 p m; Spring Mills, 10.30 a. m.

Reformed—Centre Hall, 10 a. m.; Tusseyville, 2.30 p. m.

Returned from Hospital.

Miss Sadie Fry, of Boalsburg, who was taken to the Presbyterian hospital in Philapelphia, where she underwent a critical surgical operation, returned home last week the picture of health.

Attending Business College.

Messrs Chas. Mitterling, of Tusseyville, Boyd Auman and Roy Rearick, of Spring Mills, left for Lewisburg, Monday morning, to attend Keller's Business College. The last two young men mentioned have already attended that college.

Unique Distinction.

Centre Hall has the unique distinction of having for public school teachers two candidates for the county superintendency of public schools. Mr. Strohm, candidate in Centre county; Mr. Ilgen, candidate in Clinton county.

Fox Could Not Deal.

Louis Fox, of Baltimore, advertised for horses and was stationed at Runkle's Centre Hall hotel to examine the same. A number of horses were brought here and offered for sale, but Mr. Fox's price was too low to induce owners to exchange horse-flesh for ready cash.

Charged With Murder.

Andrew Flavi, a Hungarian, was arrested at Snow Shoe Friday of last week on the charge of murder, which it is claimed he committed five years ago at that place. He had not been in Snow Shoe since the murder took place until last week. The man murdered was also a Hungarian.

Odd Fellows Banquet.

The I. O. O. F., of Centre Hall, will give their annual banquet in Grange Arcadia, Wednesday evening, 15th. The members of Progress Grange will be the caterers. The I. O. O. F. is rapidly increasing in membership, and the members are true to the principles of the order.

Killed by an Explosion.

An explosion of dynamite caused the death of George Weaver, aged about sixteen years, at Scotia, Friday morning of last week. He was a driver at Scotia mines, and went to a shanty to get warm. There was a quantity of dynamite in the shanty, which exploded, tearing the building to pieces and badly mangling the body of the young man.

Fell Dead in His Yard.

George C. Breon, of Loganton, while out in his yard feeding the chickens, Friday morning of last week fell to the ground dead. Mr. Breon was almost seventy-six years of age, and was a brother of Peter Breon, deceased, of near this place. He was a prominent citizen of his borough, and a member of the Lutheran church. The funeral took place Monday forenoon.

New Pension Bill.

Senator Quay has introduced a general pension bill on a new line. It gives widows of old soldiers a pension of $12 a month, and to all old soldiers who served ninety days in the Civil War who are not receiving pensions and were honorably discharged, it gives a pension based on their ages as follows: Fifty years of age and under fifty-five years, $6 a month; fifty-five years of age and under sixty years, $8 a month; sixty years and over, $12 a month.

BOROUGH CAUCUS.

When Held.—Offices to be Filled.—Who Retire.

The Democratic Borough caucus will be held Saturday evening, in the Council room, Bank Building. At this time there is no sparring for place on the ticket, yet every Democrat should make it a point to be present at the caucus, record his vote, and then be content and support the work of the majority.

The power of the Democratic party lies in its local organizations. If the duty of the Democratic citizen is neglected in the presumbly small political affairs, he is less fitted to act intelligently in those of greater importance, yet the most important political duties of all citizens are to look after the minor affairs of government—the local government.

The retiring officers of the borough are as follows.

Judge of Election—J. H. Krumbine.
Inspectors—Joseph Lutz.
Lyman Smith.
Council—
Clement Lose.
John Dauberman, Esq.
School Director—I. C. Irvin.
W. O. Rearick.
H. G Strohmeier.
Constable—W. H. Runkle.
Overseer of Poor—F. E. Arney.
Auditor—S. H. Kreamer.
F. A. Forman.
High Constable—Louis Sunday.

MARRIED DEC. 31.

A Centre County Young Man Weds a Western Lady and Locates in the Far West.

Married, at the Presbyterian parsonage, White, South Dakota, December 31st, 1901, by Rev. Ulysses G. Schell, D. D, George Bruce Goodhart and Bertha Beatrice Dorn. The groom is a son of ex-Commissioner G. L. Goodhart, of Centre Hill, and has been in the west for a number of years, he is now permanently located at White, South Dakota, where he has steady employment at a good salary. The bride is a daughter of Sylvester Parker Dorn, of Stephenson county, Illinois The groom is an energetic, industrious young man, and will succeed anywhere. "Bruce" has hosts of friends here, who wish him and his fair bride abundant success.

Progress Grange Installs Officers.

At a meeting of Progress Grange Saturday afternoon the officers, which are appended were installed. Twenty-eight members also received the second and third degree work. Saturday, 25th the fourth degree will be conferred upon the same class. At that time a number of Patrons from neighboring Granges will be present to observe the work. The installation of officers was done by County Deputy John M. Dale, assisted by Mrs. Dale.

Master, L Rhone; Overseer, G. W Gingerich; Lecturer, James A Keller; Chaplain, Daniel Wise; Treasurer, J. J. Arney; Secretary, David Keller; Steward, N. B. Shaffer; Assistant Steward, Christ Keller; Pomona, Mrs. Alfred Durst; Flora Mrs. R. D. Foreman; Ceres, Mrs. Edward Foreman; Steward, Miss May Rhone; Gate Keeper Levi Stamp.

Golden Eagle Officers.

Centre Castle, No. 169, of Spring Mills, recently elected the following officers which were installed by D. G. C. Samuel Wiser, on 6th inst.:

Past Chief, S. M. Brown
Noble Chief, James Osman.
Vice Chief, W. M. Lutz.
High Priest, D. P. Heckman.
Venerable Hermit, John Kuhn.
Master of Records, W. P. Alexander.
Clerk of Exchequer, W. H. Smith.
Keeper of Exchequer, J. I. Condo.
Sir Herald, A. C. Dunlap.
Worthy Bard P. W. Leitzell.
Worthy Chamberlain, John H. Zerby.
Ensign, A. Bradford.
Esquire, T. J. Deckard.
First Guardsman, D. F. P. Heckman.
Second Guardsman, R. C. Runkel.
Trustees, R. N. Bitner, E Eye, Geo. Bradford.
Representative to the Grand Castle, S. M. Brown. W. P. ALEXANDER, Master of Records.

Caucus Meetings.

The Democrats of Centre county will hold their caucuses for the nomination of candidates for borough, ward, township and precinct officers on or before the 25th day of January, 1902. The committeemen of the several precincts and wards will take notice hereof and fix the hour or time for the holding of these caucuses. Instructions and blanks will be received by committeemen in due time.

JOHN J. BOWER, Chairman.

Schley Appeals to the President.

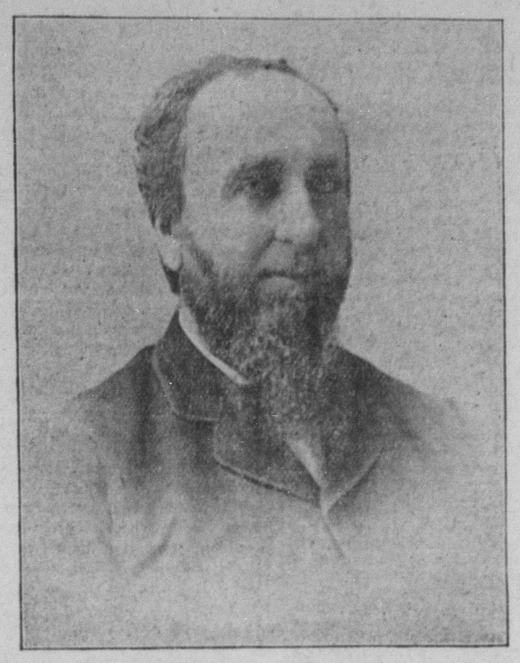
Rear Admiral Schley had an audience with President Roosevelt Tuesday and has concluded, after mature and careful deliberation, to appeal from the majority decision of the court of inquiry to the President of the United States as commander-in-chief of the army and navy.

County S. S. Convention.

The Centre County Sunday School convention will meet at Millheim, the latter part of March or beginning of April.

A guardian was appointed over Hon. James Milliken, of New York, formerly of this county, because of his inability to care for his wealth, which is about $500,000

Olin Glenn, son of Dr. Glenn, of State College, was married at Swissvale, near Pittsburg, to Miss Margaret Keener, of Lock Haven. Mr. Glenn is employed in the testing department of the Westinghouse works.



REV. D. M. WOLF, D. D. See sketch on first page.

DIED.

MRS. REBECCA ZETTLE.

Mrs. Rebecca Zettle, wife of George Zettle, of College township, died at her home near Shiloh church, Monday evening at 7 o'clock of dropsy. She had been ill since last May.

Deceased, whose maiden name was Rebecca Fye, was born in Penns Valley seventy-five years ago last August. Soon after her marriage to George Zettle she settled with her husband on their farm at Shiloh where they have resided for the past thirty-eight years. Mrs. Zettle was a member of the Methodist church and a consistent christian lady.

Surviving her are her aged husband now in his 88th year and the following children: George W., of Milesburg; D. H., of Nebraska; Mrs. Emanuel Peters, of Oak Hall; Mrs. Jennie Shuey, of Dalton, Ill; Mrs Clyde Thomas, of State College; Mrs John W. Shadle and Mrs. William Musser, of Bellefonte; Mrs. William Grove and Samuel, of Shiloh.

MRS. A. B. MUSSER.

Mrs. Anna Barton Musser, wife of A. B. Musser, of Unionville, died at her home in that place Wednesday evening, January 1, of cancer. She was born in Unionville, May 3, 1865, making her age thirty-six years, eight months and twenty-seven days.

Irvin Burris, stable man at the Centre Hall hotel, will move to the farm of Henry Potter in the spring, having purchased a half interest in Mr. Potter's stock. Mr. Potter contemplates moving to Centre Hall.

School Directors Elected.

At a regular meeting of the borough school board Tuesday evening, Messrs. John G. Dauberman, and B. D. Brisbin were elected directors to fill the unexpired terms of Messrs. L. C. Irvin and W. O. Rearick. They will hold office until June, and will be entitled to a vote at the election of a county superintendent in May, next.

Four Good Cows.

B. H. Arney, who lives just outside the borough limits, from January 1, 1901, to January 1, 1902, kept a close record of the product of his four cows Mr. Arney patronizes the Howard Creamery Company, and his statement can be verified by the books at the creamery. The same cows were in the test for the entire year.

Milk delivered, pounds	21,751
Average per cent. of test for 100 lbs. of milk	4.06
Number pounds of butter	1078
Average price per pound	.21½
Cash received	$196.00
Churned for home use 61 pounds at 18½ cents per lb	11 00
Total	$207 00

Insurance Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Centre County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, P. of H., met at Garman's hotel Bellefonte, Tuesday of this week. The business for 1901 was closed up. The old officers of the company, which have served faithfully, were reelected. They are: President, I S. Fraia, Abdera; Vice President, W. H. Miller, Axe Mann; Treasurer, S. H. Bailey, Boalsburg; Secretary, James A. Keller, Centre Hall.

The auditing committee will meet at the office of the secretary, Friday, the 17th inst.

W. A. Sandoe this (Thursday) morning fell and broke one of the bones in his wrist.

Timely Suggestion.

Now that Xmas is over the busy housewife looks forward to material for Spring Sewing.

Headquarters for muslins, sheetings, bed-ticking, towelings, calicoes, ginghams etc.

Produce of all kinds wanted.

C. P. LONG, Spring Mills.

GIRLS WANTED.—The Bush House, Bellefonte, wants two or three girls for dining room work. No previous experience in the dining room needed. Inquire at the Reporter office or

BUSH HOUSE, Bellefonte, Pa.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Wm. R. From et ux to William Whitmer & Sons Co. Dec. 13, 1901. 99 acres 27 perches in Gregg twp. Consideration $100.00

Reuben Boyer et ux to Margaret Albright, Sept. 30 1899. 40 acres in Gregg twp. Consideration $950.00.

Daniel K. Long et ux to Levi Long, Dec. 19, 1901. Tract of land in Gregg twp. Consideration $125.00.

Henry Zerby et ux to Wm. Whitmer & Sons Co. Dec. 19, 1901. 95 acres in Gregg twp. Consideration $100 00.

H. A. McKee et al to Linden Hall Lumber Company, Dec. 16, 1901. 4,5/5 acres in Harris twp. Consideration 500.

John R. Zerby et ux to Conrad Auman, August 17, 1901. Land in Gregg twp. Consideration $10.00.

Marriage Licenses.

Harry C. Raub, Homestead.
Bertha E. Wilson, Farrensville.
Joseph Prebaski, Clarence.
Catharine Cyrrius, Clarence.
Michael Flanagen, Mahannon.
Agnes Vasl, Mahannon.
David Potts, Philipsburg.
Christina McNash, Philipsburg.

Democratic County Com., 1902

JOHN J. BOWER, Chairman.

Bellefonte, N. W.—John Trafford, Bellefonte.
" S. W.—P. H. Garity, "
" W. W.—George R. Meek, "
Centre Hall, John G. Dauberman, Centre Hall.
Howard, Abe Webber, Howard.
Milesburg, George Noll, Milesburg.
Millheim, F. P. Musser, Millheim.
Phillipsburg, 1st W—J. W. Lukins, Philipsburg.
" 2nd W—Ed. G. Jones, "
" 3rd W A. J. Graham, "
S. Phillipsburg, Henry C. Wilcox, "
State College, John I. Robeson, State College.
Unionville, Geo. W. Rumbarger, Fleming.
Benner, N. P—John F. Grove, Bellefonte.
" S. P—John Ishler, "
Boggs, N. P—Orvis Fetzer, Yarnel.
" E. P—G. H. Lyman, Roland.
" W. P James W. Fulmer, Milesburg.
Burnside, Maynard Meeker, Pine Glenn.
College, I. J. Dreese, Lemont.
Curtin, Peter Robb, Jr., Romola.
Ferguson, E. P—W. H. Fry, Pine Grove Mills.
" W. P—Isaac Harpster, Gatesburg.
Gregg, N. P—George F. Weaver, Penns Cave.
" E. P—Frank Fisher, Penn Hall.
" W. P—William Pealer, Spring Mills.
Haines W. P—C. H. Stover, Aaronsburg.
" E. P—E. M. Boon, Feidler.
Half Moon, J. P. Sebring, Loveville.
Harris, P. S. Ishler, Boalsburg.
Howard, Robert Confer, Howard.
Huston, J. W. Murphey, Julian.
Liberty, E. W. Gardner, Blanchard.
Marion, J. W. Orr, Walker.
Miles, E. P—W. H. Zeigler, Wolfs Store.
" M. P—J. N. Moyer, Rebersburg.
" W. P—E. H. Zeigler, Madisonburg.
Patton, Thomas M. Huey, Buffalo Run.
Penn, A. L. Auman, Coburn.
Potter, S. P—F. A. Carson, Potters Mills.
" N. P—David K. Keller, Centre Hall.
" W. P—P. B. Jordon, Colyer.
Rush, N. P—Wm. E. Frank, Philipsburg.
" S. P—John J. Wayne, Osceola Mills.
Snow Shoe, E. P—M. McLaughlin, Snow Shoe.
" W. P—Wm. Kern, Moshannon.
Spring, N. P—James C. Carson, Bellefonte.
" S. P James H. Corl, Pleasant Gap.
" W. P—John L. Dunlop, Bellefonte.
Taylor, J. T. Merryman, Hannah.
Union, A. B. Hall, Fleming.
Walker, E. P—S. Peck, Nittany.
" M. P—J. D. Miller, Hublersburg.
" W. P—S. H. Shaffer, Zion.
Worth, P. W. Young, Port Matilda.

SALE REGISTER.

MARCH 8—Jacob Detwiler, near Tusseyville Pa.

MARCH 18—Jonas Bible, 1½ miles south west of Centre Hill on the David L. Kerr farm.

MARCH 20—W. H. Stiver, between Centre Hill and Potters Mills

MARCH 21—James A. Keller, east of Centre Hall.

MARCH 25—Wm. Zerby, west of Spring Mills.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The undersigned offers for sale or rent her property in Centre Hall The property consists of a house and lot in good condition located on Main street, north of the Diamond. There is good fruit on the lot and the house is conveniently arranged.

MRS. MARY McCLENAHAN.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of Sundry writs of Fieri Facias Levari Facias and Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on

MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1902,

At 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate, to wit:

All that certain messuage tenement and lot of ground situate in Ferguson township, County of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the north and west by lands of John Grimes, on the south and east by public road leading from State College to Pine Grove Mills, containing one acre more or less. Thereon erected a frame dwelling house, blacksmith shop and outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of H. B. Yarnell, Administrator of etc. of Mary J. Yarnell and H. B. Yarnell her husband.

ALSO.

All that certain piece parcel and lot of ground situate in the village of Aaronsburg, Township of Haines, Centre County, Pennsylvania, bounded on the west by public road, on the south by an alley on the east by an alley on the north by lot of Mrs. Daniel Rote. Thereon erected a dwelling house and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Margaret C. Bard and Charles W. Bard.

Dishes in sets and other ways at—C. P. Long's.

Wanted—500 pair of pigeons. Write for prices. HERBERT AUMAN, Bellefonte, Pa.

For Sale or Rent.—Store and dwelling opposite hotel, Spring Mills. Address J. D. LONG, Spring Mills, Pa.

THE STAR STORE.

ESTABLISHED 1889.

G. O. BENNER - - - PROPRIETOR.

In this issue of the Reporter we want to express our feelings to all our many customers, coming from those who have been such factors in our career, so we will simply say that we heartily thank you for your part in our year's business just ended. It has indeed been very satisfactory to us, and while we have during the past years endeavored, with all of our many advantages over other places of business in the valley, to merit your business, we pledge you a greater support during the coming year than you have ever found in us, or with any other house, for in addition to the improved facilities for handling goods, and the promptness with which we are able to handle the increasing business, we will be better prepared, from every standpoint during the year 1902 than we have ever been before.

Will not quote prices this week, neither is it necessary to tell you that for the right price for quality go to the Flat Iron Corner at the station.

THE STAR.

Local and Personal. . . .

Read the letter from Illinois.

Gum boots, just right for this kind of weather, at—C. P. Long's.

Henry Lingle will move to the farm of David L. Kerr, near Centre Hill, in the spring.

The union prayer services were well attended this week, which is indicative of a good spirit.

Miss Gertrude Spangler, last week, returned from a visit to Curwensville and Lock Haven.

The thermometer last week hovered about zero, which put the ice men to work filling ice houses.

Sleighing has been very fair for nearly two weeks. The sleds are carried on ice, however, and not snow.

Ward Shultz, who for the past few months had been employed in a table factory in Hughsville, returned home recently.

S. A. Runkle, of Harrisburg, presented a full set of silver instruments to the Lloysville orphans' school band on Christmas.

Twenty-eight persons were given the second and third degree work of the Grange at Saturday's meeting of Progress Grange.

Mrs. Breon, mother of Mrs. H. G. Strohmeier, has been lying ill at the latter's home for some time, but has improved of late.

Jacob Detwiler, of near Tusseyville, will make sale of farm stock March 8, so he said when calling at this office Monday morning.

The January argument court was held Tuesday, but nothing of local interest was heard, the cases being of a foreign nature.

The annual election of officers of the Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Company will take place at Runkle's hotel, Monday of next week.

The Grammar school was closed Tuesday on account of the funeral of Mrs. Charles Miller, of Spring Mills, who is an aunt of Mrs. James B. Strohm.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Breon, Mrs. R. D. Foreman and H. G. Strohmeier, of this place, attended the funeral of their uncle George C. Breon, at Loganton, Monday morning

George W. Koch, east of Centre Hall, drove through town looking as spry as when he returned from assisting Uncle Sam in settling that little unpleasantness down south.

Uncle Tom's Cabin was played in Grange Arcadia Wednesday night. The attendance was very fair. The performance was good, fully up to the standard of traveling shows of that character.

Miss Gracia C. Sanderson, of Eagle Mills, Clinton county, died at her home last week. She was a sister of Mrs. George L. Potter and Mrs. A. O. Furst, of Bellefonte. She had been an invalid for many years.

Jonas W. Bible, of near Centre Hill, was a business caller Monday, and announces sale of farm stock, etc. Mr. Bible purchased the old Bible homestead, near Sprucetown, and will occupy it himself in the spring.

J. W. Ruhl, son of Henry Ruhl, of Mifflinburg, had his leg broken below the knee by a piece of saw striking it while working on a mill near Pardee. The saw was a damaged one, and being run at a high rate of speed, it burst.

Mrs. Charles Decker, of Oak Park, Illinois, arrived at the home of her brother, John H. Puff, in this place, the other Tuesday. Mrs. Decker and her husband went west last spring. Next spring it is their purpose to go farther west—to Missouri.

C. D. Boon, of Steuben, Huron county, Ohio, who with his wife came east several weeks ago, stopped over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Bradford, at the Old Fort. Mr. Boon is a cousin of Mrs. Bradford. He is engaged in farming and the manufacture of soft drinks, and lives in one of the prettiest localities in the Buckeye State.

Wheat is worth 80 cents.

The county auditors are in session this week.

Clothing for men and boys, bargains at—C. P. Long's.

The cold snap Friday and Saturday made it lively for the coal dealers.

The arguments on the Nicaragua bill were opened in the House Tuesday.

Miss Elsie Geiss, of this place, is in Bellefonte, helping care for baby Geiss.

The Democratic borough and township caucus will be held Saturday, 25th inst.

You make a selection and we will make the price to suit you, at—C. P. Long's.

About two and one-half inches of snow fell Tuesday night, which patched up sleighing.

The House committee on census ordered a favorable report on the bill creating a permanent census bureau.

John G. Dauberman was appointed Democratic borough chairman, which position he has filled for a number of years.

Edward Sellers Monday morning went to Johnstown in the interest of of his manufacturing establishment at this place.

The Pennsylvania railroad company purposes substituting stone bridges for those of iron on its line from Philadelphia to Pittsburg.

Messrs. John and Andrew Graden, of Spring Mills, left last Monday for New Florence, Westmoreland county, to work on a steam saw mill.

J. W. Brown and wife, of Milroy, are visiting the latter's parents, Prof. and Mrs. W. A. Krise. Mr. Brown says Milroy is booming.

In another column will be found the names of the various district Democratic chairmen appointed by John J. Bower, Esq., the county chairman.

Drayman McClenahan thinks, and his judgment is correct, that draying would just be a sight easier and pleasanter if coal ashes were not placed on the streets. There is an ordinance which forbids it, too.

Mrs. Linn Musser, of Pine Grove Mills, was taken to the German Hospital, Philadelphia, and an operation was performed Saturday for abdominal trouble. The lady is reported as having stood the operation well, and that the surgical feat was successful.

Judging from the printed matter of Neese Bros., manufacturers of gas and gasoline engines at Auburn, New York, and the gentlemen themselves, the firm is up to "snuff" in every particular The members of this firm are originally from Spring Mills.

The educational committee of the Central Pennsylvania Synod of the Lutheran church, of which Rev. J. M. Rearick is a member, met in Lewistown Tuesday. On account of the prayer services being held this week, he was unable to attend the committee meeting.

John Dunkle, of Chicago, who made some inquiry with reference to locating at this place and opening a hardware store, has purchased a property in Salona, his former home. Mr. Dunkle is a painter and paper hanger, and in his younger days attended school in this place.

Samuel Snyder is on the streets again after a siege of sickness lasting over three weeks. He started home from Clearfield some time ago not feeling well, but on reaching Philipsburg he was obliged to stay over for a week, and after returning to his home in this place finished out his sick "sentence."

Misses Rebecca Yeager and Beatrice Ray, of near Centre Hall, were callers Wednesday, and watched the process of type setting and printing. Little Miss Ray is one of the Reporter's most youthful subscribers, and although but a child takes delight in reading the news of the week about home and throughout the country.